

ORANGE PEKOE BLEND



"Fresh from the Gardens"

Strength And Courage.

Can we do better this week, following so soon after the observance of Remembrance Day, than reproduce in this column an editorial from the National Home Weekly, published in Winnipeg? We think not. So here it is:

Gradually it is becoming clear to the minds of most people that conditions today are far more serious than they were during the years of the War. For then, men were buoyed up by hope. They knew that in time their troubles would be over. But no one can tell when this present misfortune will end. The mist of yesterday has become the dense black cloud of today. With many, despair has supplanted the strength from courage.

It will not be out of place, then, to recall the words and deeds that during the War inspired hope and urged steadfastness. Of all the written messages there was perhaps nothing finer than the address of General Currie to the Canadian army on the eve of the great advance in March, 1918. In it he makes clear the seriousness of the struggle and the danger of defeat; he indicates the successes already won, and states the need of the moment. Finally he speaks of the reward of victory. The message will be read again with vivid recollections of those who were in the ranks in 1918. May all who read it now for the first time feel that it is equally appropriate today. The problems to be solved, the forces to be overcome, are just as real and as great, and the virtues of constancy, courage and self-sacrifice are just as necessary.

SPECIAL ORDER. March 27th, 1918:—"In an endeavour to reach an immediate decision the enemy has gathered all his forces and struck a mighty blow at the British Army. Overwhelmed by the weight of numbers the British Divisions in the line between Scarpe and Oise have fallen back fighting hard, steady and undismayed."

"Measures have been taken successfully to meet this German onslaught. The French have gathered a powerful army, commanded by a most able and trusted leader, and this army is now moving to our help. Fresh British Divisions are now being thrown in. The Canadians are soon to be engaged. Our Motor Machine-Gun Brigade has already played a most gallant part and once again covered itself with glory."

"Looking back with pride on the unbroken record of your glorious achievements, asking you to realize that today the fate of the British Empire hangs in the balance, I place my trust in the Canadian Corps, knowing that where Canadians are engaged there can be no giving way."

"Under the orders of your devoted officers in the coming battle you will advance or fall where you stand facing the enemy."

"To those who will fall I say, 'You will not die but step into immortality. Your mothers will not lament your fate but will be proud to have borne such sons. Your names will be revered forever and ever by your grateful country, and God will take you unto Himself.'"

"Canadians, in this fateful hour, I command you and I trust you to fight as you have ever fought with all your strength, with all your determination, with all your tranquil courage. On many a hard-fought field of battle you have overcome this enemy. With God's help you shall achieve victory once more."

The seriousness of conditions today may be observed in both national and international affairs. At home trade is languishing, the army of the unemployed is increasing, and worst of all young people just entering manhood and womanhood are being deprived of the opportunity to earn a living or to form life associations or to contribute to good citizenship. The result is a growing feeling of discontent. Each individual is inclined to blame all others for prevailing misfortune.

Debtor countries are refusing to pay, because they are not being paid. They have been unjustly treated, or because they no longer have world-economy to meet the demand. Nor will tariff barriers permit payment in the form of goods. To accentuate the mischief nation is vying with nation in the production of armaments. As for overcrowded states there is no room for the surplus population. And, of these things make for the spread of those national hatreds which are one of the causes of war. If quarrelling is easily possible when people are prosperous and inclined to be neighborly, it is almost certain to occur in violent form when they lose confidence in each other, and when extreme distress prevails.

The only way to avert disaster is the way of unselfishness and self-sacrifice. It is true today as of old that regardless of race, color or creed man is his brother's keeper. It is true now as two thousand years ago that men shall find their lives in losing them. The victories of peace are as glorious and as costly as the victories of war.

Driven by the highest motive it is easy for men to transform a world. The channels of trade will be thrown open, waste areas will be populated, armaments will be cast away, production and consumption will find a balance. Within the state, opportunities for culture and comfort will be measurably equal for all. The man at the machine will be of more value than the machine's production, the needs of the many shall be of more account than the desires of the few, the rich shall not be at the expense of the poor, the laws of the land shall not favor the designs of the privileged class. But each man, recognizing that his neighbor has rights equal to his own, shall honor justice and practise righteousness. Thus in peace may they catch the spirit of General Currie's message. In 1932 men may be as brave, as loyal and as nobly self-sacrificing as they were in 1918. May they hear again the words, "Canadians, in this fateful hour, I command you, I trust you to fight as you have ever fought with all your strength, with all your determination, with all your tranquil courage. . . . With God's help you shall achieve victory once more."

Season To Open Early

Had Spectacular Career

Steamship Sailings From Britain To Churchill To Start In July

Steamship sailings from the United Kingdom and Antwerp for Churchill will start in July, 1933, according to word received by D. A. Ross, secretary of the board of trade, from Thomas Harling and Sons, steamship agents, Montreal. The first ship will load general cargo in England and European ports for the prairie provinces. The communication states that the rates will be the same from England and Belgium to Churchill, as from overseas ports to Montreal, thus giving prairie buyers a distinct advantage in lesser rail haul.

Green apples can be made rosy red in 48 hours by treating them with ultra-violet light, but the process is at present very costly.

Puerto Rico, Hawaii and Alaska are buying more automobile casings this year than last.

Britain Mourns Captain Hunter

Britons mourn the death of Capt. James Edward Hunter, 83, "Father" of the Navy. Captain Hunter entered the Royal Navy as a cadet in 1848 and began a spectacular career. He first figured in dispatches when, as a young officer, he led six volunteers in a boat in a gale off Sebastopol in the Crimean War and saved 47 men marooned on wrecks, braving heavy Cossack fire. After retiring from active service Captain Hunter became engineer-in-chief of the navy.

Just His Bad Luck

Customer: "You said the tortoise I bought from you would live three hundred years, and it died the day after I bought it!" Dealer: "Now, isn't that too bad? The 300 years must have been up."

In a recent month 3,000 radio licenses were issued in England.

Her Heart Was Weak

Nerves Shaky, Nights Restless

Mrs. A. Black, Walkley, Ont., writes:—"I suffered from heart weakness, shaky nerves, and restless nights."

I saw your advertisement for Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and decided to try them although I did not have much faith, but now I am very thankful I did as they have proved of wonderful help to me.

I am now strong and well again, but am nervous without a box in the house."

For sale at all drug and general stores; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Old Country People Drinking Goat's Milk

More Easily Digested and Free From Tuberculosis Germs

The people of the United Kingdom are drinking more goat's milk. Twenty years ago the production was 2,000,000 gallons a year. Six years ago it had increased to 12,000,000 gallons. Today it has reached the high figure of 20,000,000 gallons (Declares says Sunday Express). And these are the reasons:

Goat's milk is more easily digested than cow's milk; it is richer in butter-fat; it is free from tuberculosis germs; and women have found that it will make their skins more beautiful. They have learned that a "peach-bloom" complexion can be acquired simply by bathing the face, neck, and arms two or three times a day with goat's milk.

STAIRS MADE HER GASP FOR BREATH

Penalty Of Excess Fat

Although she has lost but 7 lbs. of her overweight, Miss J. H. Laidlaw, 7 lbs. has made a remarkable difference to her. There can certainly be nothing wrong with a reducing treatment that brings such increased energy and vigor.

Her letter reads:—"I am 53 years old and my height is 5 ft. Last year I weighed 154 lbs. For six months I have been taking a half-teaspoonful of Kruschen Salts, making no change in my diet. Now I am less round the hips, and only weigh 147 lbs. dressed. But I feel lighter and can now run upstairs, which before used to make me gasp for breath. Everyone says how well and fit I look, as I am in a store and get no walking exercise at all. The results may be startling, but the fact remains that I feel much better than of late, years—not too heavy—and I now enjoy dancing."

Kruschen is based on scientific principle—it's an ideal blend of 6 separate minerals which help glands, nerves, blood and body organs to function properly and maintain a splendid degree of health—it builds up energy and strength, and the while, without training yourself down to a point of normal weight.

Means Revenue For Paris

Electrically Lighted Ad On Eiffel Tower Changes Fourteen Times

The Citroen electrically lighted ad on Eiffel Tower split Paris into factions. The friable artistic considered it sacrilege, the stolidly practical considered it added revenue for the city. It changes 14 times—a giant rose bush, flashes of lightning, a constellation of stars, a sky high fountain rising and falling. etc. Only one does it burst into a full length spelling out of C-I-T-R-O-E-N.

OFF COLOUR? HOW IS YOUR LIVER?

Wake up your Liver Bile

—Without Calomel

Your liver's a very small organ, but it certainly can get your digestive and eliminative organs out of kilter by refusing to pour out its daily two pints of liquid bile into your bowels. You won't completely correct such a condition by taking a cold, mineral water, laxative candy or chewing gum, or rouginess. When they've needed to know they're through—and you need a liver stimulant.

Clarke's Little Liver Pills will soon bring back the sunshine into your life. They're purely vegetable. Safe. Sure. Ask for them by name. Refuse substitutes. 25c at all druggists.

Stolen Auto "Shouts"

A stolen automobile will "shout" for help if equipped with the "Bing-bong" alarm, which has been perfected by a Chinese inventor in Shanghai. It is a small electrical box which can be placed anywhere in the car. A switch is turned on when the auto is parked. When the car is touched the box lets out a shriek, and will continue to do so indefinitely.

Cause Of Asthma. No one can say with certainty exactly what causes the establishing of asthmatic conditions. Dusted from the street, from flowers, from grain and various other irritants may set up a trouble impossible to irradiate except through a sure preparation such as Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Uncertainty may exist as to cause, but there can be no uncertainty regarding a remedy which has freed a generation of asthmatic victims from the scourge of the bronchial tubes. It is sold everywhere.

Takes Position As Waiter

A Cornish baronet, who is eighth holder of the title is going to Tangier as a hotel waiter, and has pledged himself to remain for six months. He is Sir William La Williams, aged 25. He was educated at Cambridge and has been an officer in the Royal Welsh Fusiliers.

Vacuum cleaners are being rented in Belgium for 28 cents a day.

Twenty-seven United States submarines are out of commission.

W. N. U. 1933



Send for this FREEBOOK!

One hundred and eighty-six ways of making your cooking better with St. Charles are yours simply for the asking. Send for our new cook book "The Good Provider." Just fill in the attached coupon.

ST. CHARLES MILK

UNWEETENED EVAPORATED
The Borden Co. Limited, 277, C-11
115 George St., Toronto, Ont.
Send me free copy of
"The Good Provider."
Name.....
Address.....

Landlords Would Be Protected

Quebec May Grant Them Priority Of Lien On Installment Goods

A bill that would give to landlords priority of lien on goods bought by installment, instead of the merchants who sell them, will be presented at the next session of the Quebec legislature, it is announced by Rosario Gaudry, secretary of the Property Owners' League of Montreal. Such a measure, Mr. Gaudry explained, would provide landlords with further protection against tenants who went beyond their means in the purchase of long-period-to-pay goods.

Latest Flying Invention

Newest Plane Can Be Controlled By One Finger

An aeroplane which can be flown, manoeuvred, and landed with only one finger is the latest flying invention. The machine is of the autogyro "windmill" type and is being built under license near Cleveland, Ohio.

There is only one control for all movements of the machine. Apart from the operation of opening and closing the throttle, the whole control of the craft literally can be done with one finger.

Persian Balm—there is nothing like

for creating and preserving a lovely complexion. Cooling, soothing, it soothes and dispels all roughness or chafe caused by weather conditions. Delicately fragrant, it adds exquisite charm to the most finished appearance. Dainty women inevitably cherish it. It is a most valuable skin leaf in texture. Recommended also to soothe and soothe the hands. Truly a peerless toilet requisite for every woman.

Obnoxious Billboards

Often Distract Driver's Attention From Important Traffic

There are two counts against the billboard on the highway. It not only mars the landscape and destroys the natural beauty of roadside scenery, but its garishness also distracts the attention of the driver of the car. Important traffic directions posted along the road are often lost in a welter of commercial signs. In the interests of safety, the most conspicuous signs on the highway should be those placed there by the highway department to direct traffic.

Equality Of Punishment

System Now In Use Could Be Vastly Improved

A fine is a most effective way of registering social disapproval and for this reason will probably continue for a long time as a part of our penal system. But who can defend a system which for similar offences fines the wealthy and imprisons the poor? A scientific system of fines which had some relation to the capacity of the individual to pay would probably result in a considerable reduction of the number of criminals for non-payment.—New Statesman and Nation.

English, German and French

English is spoken by 160,000,000 and is understood by 60,000,000 or more who do not look upon it as their native tongue. German is spoken by 90,000,000 and is understood and used by 20,000,000 more. French is spoken by 45,000,000 and understood and used by 75,000,000 more.

An Oil That Is Famous.—Though Canada was not the birthplace of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, it is the home of that famous compound. From here its good name was spread to Central and South America, the West Indies, Australia and New Zealand. That is far enough to attest its excellence, for in all these countries it is on sale and in demand.

Wholesale commodity prices in Chile are 50 per cent. higher than a year ago.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

CHERRY ROLLS

- 1½ cups special cake flour, sifted.
- 3 teaspoons baking powder.
- ½ teaspoon salt.
- 2 tablespoons butter or other shortening.
- ½ cup milk (about).
- 1 can (2 cups) red cherries, seeded and drained.

Sift flour once, measure, add baking powder and salt, and sift again. Cut in shortening. Add milk gradually until soft dough is formed. Roll ¼ inch thick. Cover with cherries. Roll in long roll, pressing edges together. Cut into 1½ inch slices. Place in greased pan and pour cherry sauce over them. Bake in hot oven (425 degrees Fahrenheit) 30 minutes, basting often. Serve hot, with sauce poured around them and a tablespoon of whipped cream placed on each slice. Serves 6.

SAVORY MEAT LOAF

- 2 thin 2-inch slices salt pork, diced.
- 2 pounds round beef, ground.
- 1 cup quick-cooking tapioca.
- 1½ when small onion, finely chopped.
- 2 cups canned tomatoes.
- 2½ teaspoons salt.
- 1 teaspoon pepper.

Try out salt pork until golden brown. Add pork and drippings to other ingredients and mix thoroughly. Bake in loaf pan, 7 x 5 x 3 inches, in hot oven (450 degrees Fahrenheit) 15 minutes; then decrease heat to moderate (350 degrees Fahrenheit) and bake 30 minutes longer. Serve hot or cold. Garnish with parsley. Serves 10.

Miller's Worm Powders work so effectively that no traces of worms can be found. The pests pass away in the stools without being perceptible. They make an entire and clean sweep of the intestines, and nothing in the shape of a worm can find lodgement when the system is in operation. Nothing could be more thorough or desirable than their action.

One Thing They Know

"People who live in these apartment buildings don't know anything about each other, I hear," said the man from the country. "No," replied the flat dweller, "but you can't have cabbage for dinner without everybody else in the building finding it out."

Britain's longest-lived people have been found in the rural districts near Newcastle, where many people still lead quiet primitive lives.

More used cars are being sold in France than in many years.

ACID STOMACH



● If rich foods disagree, it need not mean a

"weak stomach." Sourness and gas doesn't mean

"indigestion." Just take an anti-acid to sweeten

the system, and enjoy life! Before meals, or afterward

when distress is felt. Do this awhile, and stomach

and bowels will be in fine order. Use only genuine

Phillips' Milk of Magnesia; it is standard. The other

preparations do not have the same anti-acid action.

ALSO IN TABLET FORM, Phillips' Milk of Magnesia

Tablets are now on sale at drug stores everywhere.

Each tiny tablet is the equivalent of a teaspoonful

of genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia.

Made In Canada

Agreement Reached At Ottawa Conference May Have Beneficial Effect On Hog Industry In Canada

Since the Ottawa Economic Conference events appear to be steadily moving forward towards making effective the agreements reached there, Principal among the agreements are those affecting livestock and animal products.

The principle adopted by the United Kingdom for the control of her markets for meats is "limitation of imports." This system of limitation of imports is being applied to all the important classes of meats—beef, lamb and mutton, bacon and hams and certain classes of by-products.

In Canada, more has been said about the agreement as it affects bacon. However, it would appear that the determination by Britain to limit the importations of all meats, is the really big fact to grasp. It is this fact that gives the assignment by the United Kingdom to Canada of 260,000,000 pounds of bacon a meaning and significance.

From the standpoint of the Canadian livestock industry it is important, then, that the agreements, as they apply to all classes of meats, should be known. It would appear that the United Kingdom adopted, at the Conference, the principle of stating to each Dominion what she undertook to do with reference to the meat and meat products in which each Dominion was most interested. This, however, does not limit the effect on any particular meat to the Dominion to which the United Kingdom declared her policy. The agreements should be viewed as a whole in order to understand the policy adopted by the United Kingdom.

The agreements apply to certain classes of meats, but for some time Britain has had restriction of imports of other classes of meats. These restrictions are mostly based on protection of the health of British livestock. In practice the restrictions confine imports of live cattle and other meat animals to those from Ireland and Canada. Imports of fresh meats from Europe are embargoed, which practically limits this import trade to the Irish Free State. These restrictions, then, already limit imports of fresh meats and live animals. Other meats enter Britain as chilled, frozen or cured. The policy declared by the United Kingdom at Ottawa will limit the importations of these latter classes of meats.

The policy declared by the United Kingdom with regard to livestock and animal products may be summarized thus:

Live Cattle—removal of restrictions on imports of Canadian cattle and cattle and, in part, on the stock that may be used for breeding. Chilled and Frozen Beef—regulation of imports from foreign countries on the basis of an agreement reached with Australia.

Frozen Mutton and Lamb—regulation of imports from foreign countries (and from Australia and New Zealand for a period) on the basis of an agreement reached with Australia and New Zealand.

Bacon and Hams—declaration to undertake the regulation of importation of bacon and hams and, on the basis of an agreement reached with Canada, to guarantee free entry for up to 2,500,000 cwt. per annum of Canadian bacon and hams of good quality (280,000,000 lbs.).

The adoption, by the United Kingdom, of what would appear to be a most momentous policy, was the result of a series of events and conditions. European importing countries and America had steadily been raising barriers of various kinds against the importation of animal products. Great Britain remained the only open market. Therefore, all those countries that had formerly been exporting a part, or the bulk of their products to Britain, and all the exporting countries which had not formerly sent product there in quantity, were forced to concentrate more and more of their surpluses on that market.

In addition, production particularly of bacon and mutton heavily increased. The collapse of grain prices which gave European bacon producers very cheap feed for hogs in 1930 and 1931 induced large increases in production, not only in the countries that had formerly been supplying the bulk of British imports, but also in the countries that lately had been forced to send their bacon to Britain. Furthermore, the new countries to enter the British bacon market, such as Poland, Estonia, Lithuania, Latvia and Holland, in order to develop the proper kind of hog and establish themselves on the British market adopted various schemes of bounties and subsidies.

Britain's declared policy gives an

aspect to the future which deserves the closest study and consideration. Present prices for bacon and hogs are so low as to be extremely discouraging. If the future is to be judged only by present price conditions, there is no prospect; the hog industry in all countries will die. But it is these conditions which led the United Kingdom to determine on the policy which was declared at Ottawa. Apart altogether from that declared policy, present price conditions, viewed in their proper light, are certain indications of better prices in the future.

Under extreme conditions, such as at present, the industries best suited to certain countries always survive. Canada is one of the countries that has the natural conditions for the survival of the hog industry. The policy declared by the Government of the United Kingdom is intended to favor the survival of the hog industry of Canada.



(By Ruth Rogers)



PARIS IS COLLAR CONSCIOUS YOU MUST HAVE ONE FOR YOUR LAST YEAR'S DRESS

It will bring it right up to the minute. Here you have four darling ones to choose from—or you can make all four. The pattern includes these four smart designs.

View No. 1 is the small nun's collar which can be made of a very small piece of material. It is especially nice in fine wale pique or rough crepe silk in white.

It will be rather difficult to make a decision in these cape models. One is equally as smart as the other. View Nos. 3 and 4 will completely transform a last year's dress with a low neckline, making it appear like a new Paris model.

View No. 2—is a very youthful and flattering model.

White crepe satin, white rough crepe silk or colors and fabrics to tone with your dress are appropriate. Style No. 953 comes in one size for misses and ladies.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

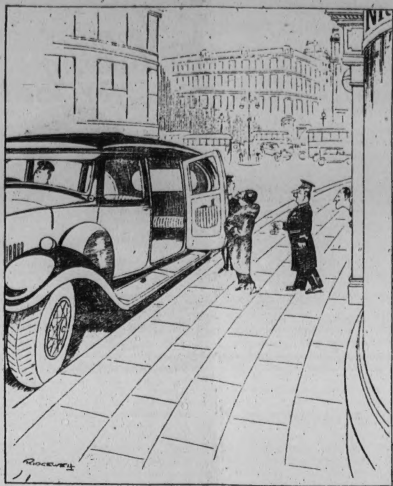
Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

There is a Difference

There really is a difference between drinking and the evils of drinking, just as there is a difference between eating and the evils of eating. A lot of people have died from eating too much.



"Oh, no, don't trouble to send it—I have the car."—The Humorist, London.

New National Park Planned

Two Sites On Vancouver Island Are Being Considered

Establishment of a new national park in British Columbia is being considered by the Canadian and provincial governments, and F. M. Wardie, chief engineer of the federal parks branch, has been on the coast recently laying the groundwork for such a project.

Garibaldi Mountain is favorably regarded as a site for the new park, although the parks branch is said to be eager to establish a sea level park to complete its trans-Canada parks system. For the latter purpose a park site on the west coast of Vancouver Island is being considered. The only other national park on Vancouver Island is Strathcona, which, however, is mountainous and somewhat inaccessible.

Colonel W. W. Foster, member of the Mount Logan expedition, of several years ago and one of the best known mountaineers in Canada, has completed a report on the Garibaldi project and this has been sent to Ottawa.

Tramped Historic Highway

Forty-six students from Germany who recently hiked through the west highlands of Scotland, tramped along the highway between Glencoe and Kinlochleven, which was constructed during the World War by relatives who were then prisoners of war.

A new product similar to celluloid and made of wood pulp, has been developed in Norway.

Andros, one of the Bahamas Islands, has a lake which generates its own soap from its alkaline limestone bed.

United States Rigidly Enforcing Restrictions

Immigration Figures For 1932 Are Lowest On Record

Only 824 Canadians were admitted to the United States as immigrants in August, against 1,108 in August, 1931, the labor department's last monthly report shows. In the period 1926 to 1930 Canadian immigration to this country in August averaged 7,000.

Restrictions on the influx of people are being enforced even more severely than in 1931 when the number admitted was the smallest in a century. Only 2,719 from all countries passed the gates last August, as compared with 4,090 in August, 1931, and an August average of 24,000 for the years 1926 to 1930. Indications are that for 1932 aggregate immigration will not reach 25,000, which would be the lowest figure on record.

Last August 8,783 persons who had established domicile in the U.S. left to live permanently elsewhere. "The census of alien residents," says the report, "now exceeds the new arrivals by over three to one."

By use of a machine just patented in Germany, lumber may be fed into it at one end to appear as finished boxes at the other at the rate of two a minute.

Employer—Can you show a recommendation? Applicant—Well, I was—recommended to mercy by a jury once.

A nagstater says no man can drive a car properly while he's kissing a girl. The more serious thought is that few men can kiss a girl properly while they're driving a car.

+ Do You Know? +



THAT the most easily and most quickly tamed of the wild animals of North America is the beaver? After only a few days in captivity a beaver will become quite tame, if kindly treated, and not only submit to, but welcome petting. The photograph shows an Indian girl holding a beaver that had been in captivity only eight days when the photograph was made.

Distinctive Canadian Formula Is Now Used For Extraction Of Radium From Western Ores

How Cancer Begins

Everyone Should Know the Symptoms and Receive Early Treatment

Cancer never begins as cancer, Dr. Joseph C. Bloodgood, cancer research worker of Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, told the Ottawa Medical Chirurgical Society.

"It begins as a single spot," he said, "and the normal cells of that spot are changed to abnormal cells, which are not cancer cells."

Chronic irritation, injury or pre-existing lumps such as warts or moles and unhealed wounds anywhere are the site in which cancer develops, the doctor continued.

He stressed it was important that everyone should know the symptoms, signs of little things that are not cancer but which may become cancer and the earliest stages of cancer are identical.

"On this fundamental advice rests the action of having an immediate examination after the first warning," he declared.

Dr. Bloodgood told his audience women suffering from early detected cancer of the breast run no more than a 25 per cent. risk that attempts to cure them will fail, while those who defer examination through ignorance reduce their chances of cure to 10 per cent. or less.

A semi-annual examination of mothers, he said, would permit detection of spots in the cervix which are not cancer but which may become cancer or are the earliest stages of cancer. Radium treatment could then be used to cure a large percentage of the cases.

Under present conditions, he declared, most mothers seeking examination for cancer of the cervix had the disease in such an advanced stage that there was no more than a 10 per cent. chance of cure.

A Prosperous Town

Full-Time Job For Every Man In Corbin, B.C.

Which is the most prosperous town in Canada?

According to Thomas Uphill, Labor member for Fernie, B.C., the nomination should go to Corbin, B.C. Every man in the town has a full-time job, Corbin is a coal mine town, and although the mine employs only 300, there are more than 100 automobiles there. The town incidentally is the only place in British Columbia where not a dollar of unemployment relief money has so far been spent.

But just a few miles away, at Fernie, B.C., is one of the poorest towns, from the economic standpoint, according to Uphill. The city is unable to meet its one-third share of unemployment relief; already it is far in arrears.

Mr. Uphill created a sensation at the last session of the legislature by proposing that the government should raise money by selling titles. Wealthy men would be eager to pay a stated sum for a "provincial knighthood," he said.

U.S. Farm Population

Many Return To The Land As a Result Of Hard Times

Hard times have resulted in a trek "back to the land" in the United States, statistics issued by the Department of Agriculture reveal. Present farm population of the country is estimated at 32,000,000, an increase of about 2,000,000 in three years.

Farm population in the United States reached a peak in 1910, the department says, when it was 32,077,000. Thereafter it steadily declined for twenty years as country families moved into the towns to share the profits of the long industrial boom. United States citizens living on the land numbered 31,570,000 in 1920 and 30,059,000 at the start of 1930. The three-year depression has driven nearly two million people back to rural life, so that farm population now approaches its 1910 high point.

Only One Answer

He—You're so good at conundrums—try this.
She—Sure, go ahead.
He—Take away my first letter, take away my second letter, take away all my letters, and I am still the same. What am I?
She—That's easy you're a mail carrier.

To ward off a hail storm, peasants of southern Europe used to ring bells or blow horns.

A distinctive Canadian formula for the extraction of radium from the pitchblende ore found at Great Bear Lake, Northwest Territories, has been developed by scientists of the Canadian Government Department of Mines, according to a statement just issued by Hon. Wesley A. Gordon, Minister of Mines. The new formula is the result of more than a year's intensive research work by chemists of the Department of Mines.

The Canadian process, according to Mr. Gordon, will permit as great, if not greater, percentage of recovery, involving a shorter time and less complicated operations than any of the known methods. Canada, will, it is expected, now be able to supply not only her own radium needs for therapeutic, scientific and commercial purposes, but will be able to enter world markets.

Partly on account of the high-grade character of the Canadian ores and partly because of the shorter time and simplified method of the new process, it is believed that the costs of reduction will be considerably less than under other methods of extraction. Hydrochloric acid is used as a solvent in the new method instead of the usual sulphuric acid and a large number of stages formerly considered necessary have been eliminated. Instead of about 100 stages, as supposed to be used in other countries, radium salts have been produced in the laboratory of the Canadian Government Department of Mines with less than half that number of steps. The chief cost in radium reduction lies in cost of chemicals, about three tons being required for the treatment of every ton of ore. The new process has been adapted to shorter times and almost equal success both siliceous ore and the silver carbonate ore with which pitchblende is found associated in the Great Bear Lake field.

About 4,000 grams of radium-bearing concentrates have been extracted in the experimental work. The yield worked out at one gram of radium from ten tons of pitchblende from the Great Bear Lake ore. A radium refinery is being established at Fort Rupert, Ontario, where the ore will be taken for the extraction of radium and by-products, such as uranium, lead and silver.

Forester Explains Coloring Of Leaves

Contrary To Popular Belief Frost Is Not Cause

Jack Frost's only paint is white, John Keller of the Pennsylvania State Department of Forests said in explaining that time, not frost, gives forests leaves their autumn colors.

"The ripening of leaves is the cause of the change in color of the forest foliage and not the action of the frost," said Keller in disputing a popular belief.

"Frost may hasten the processes of turning leaves brown. A heavy freezing in late September or early October robs rather than adds the leaves of their chances for brilliant coloration."

A long dry autumn with not too heavy frosts brings the finest succession of colors, while chemical changes in the mineral substances within the minute leaf cells produce the wonderful shades of red and yellow, according to Keller.

Leaves fall from trees because they are "worn out" and have been drained of all the pulp that was stored in the twig, the forestry expert said.

The Sounding Creek Map Sheet

Sounding Creek is an intermittent stream rising about twenty miles north of Youngstown, Alberta, and after flowing in a southerly and easterly direction turns north again and empties into Sounding Lake. The outlet of Sounding Lake is Eyehill Creek which flows northeasterly to Manitow Lake which, having no outlet, is strongly alkaline. Sounding Creek section, first published by the Topographical Survey, Department of the Interior, shows a considerable length of the creek from which it is named.

Germany's Newest Idea

In Germany, where new forms of transportation are constantly appearing, a foot-propelled bus is being used for leisurely hikes along the highways and byways. Its four industrious pedallers can keep the car doing six and a half miles an hour. The first car of this kind was built by four unemployed mechanics, but cars of similar type are gaining vogue.

EDWARDSBURG "CROWN BRAND" CORN SYRUP

At trifling cost the most
Nourishing and
Delicious Food

The
CANADA STARCH CO. Limited,
MONTREAL

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Dr. H. W. McGill of Calgary has taken over his duties at Ottawa, as deputy sub-general Indian Affairs.

The United States agreed to an extension until March 1, 1933, of the naval blockade agreement which was due to expire November 1.

The Canadian post office announces the suspension of parcel post service to Manchuria, except to Japanese services in southern Manchuria.

Dr. Hugo Eckener will go to the Dutch East Indies in January to study the possibility of inaugurating a zepelin service between Amsterdam and Batavia.

Informal exchanges have passed between the Canadian and French governments on several occasions with regard to the negotiations of a new trade treaty between the two countries.

Elimination of forest fires, and air lanes of the continent made safe for aeroplanes, possible through weather forecasting, was the prophecy of John Patterson, director of the Meteorological Canadian Institute at Toronto.

Newspapers in Mexico City report the Department of Immigration will refuse the colonization request of about 20,000 Mennonites now living in western Canada and the United States.

Arrangements are being completed in London for the organization of the first great sweepstakes for British hospitals, to be run in connection with the next Grand National—on March 24.

The Lord's Victory 22-0-0 of the Great Britain would make a disarmament gesture which would include total abolition or severe curtailment of bombing and fighting aircraft throughout the world.

The government will take steps to keep closer watch as to whether all holders of bearer bonds are paying their proper income tax on them. This was intimated by Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Finance, in the House of Commons.

Must Use Special Stamps

Postal authorities warn the public of the use of postage stamps to make up odd amounts on postal notes. Effective November 1, odd amounts on postal notes must be affixed in special postal note stamps, purchasable at the post office.

There are two kinds of wives, says a cynic, those whose husbands do as they are told and those whose husbands do not need to be told to do it.

FOR COUGHS
Colds, Bronchitis
Mathieu's
Syrup
Sells the Best

ZIG-ZAG
CIGARETTE PAPERS
LARGE DOUBLE BOOK
120 LEAVES
5¢
FINEST YOU CAN BUY
AVOID IMITATIONS

MEN -- WOMEN -- WANTED

Wonderful opportunity. Ambitious beginners wanted in Barbering, Permanent Waving, Hairdressing, also Engineering, Electricity, Auto-Mechanics, Chauffeurs, Aviation, Radio, etc. Literature Free. Write—Modern United Systems, 203 Alexander Ave., Winnipeg. Shops: Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, Saskatoon, Vancouver.

DR. HAMILTON'S PILLS
STOP
HEADACHE
INDIGESTION
BILIOUSNESS
CONSTIPATION

W. N. U. 1928

Saskatchewan Fruit Growing Campaign

Every Assistance To Be Given In Order To Encourage Fruit Growing In The Province

According to a statement just issued by the Hon. James F. Bryant, who is in charge of the Saskatchewan Fruit Growing Campaign on the Institutional Farms of the Province, an excellent start has been made this fall.

The plans which have been carefully thought out and considered in detail for the establishment of fruit orchards on the Saskatchewan Government Institutional Farms, and for the promoting of fruit growing in Saskatchewan are now definitely being undertaken and work has commenced in connection with the trial nursery and fruit breeding grounds at Regina, the orchards on the Institutional Farms have been laid out and will be surrounded with windbreaks either this fall or early next spring.

Over eleven hundred grafted crabapple trees, one, two, and three years old, of sixty named varieties, all on Siberian Crab roots and northern crown, have been ordered and will be either planted in the Government Nurseries or distributed to the Institutional Farms. Already at Battleford, an orchard of 1370 feet long and 376 feet wide has been laid out and planted with caragana windbreaks. Sixteen of the thirteen varieties of hardy named crabapple trees have already been shipped to Battleford. The balance of the eleven hundred have been ordered and will be shipped in the near future. Some twenty-four hundred seedling Siberian crabs have been obtained and on these will be grafted windbreaks of named crabapples and standard apple stock.

Some seventy-five standard apple trees in six varieties have been obtained. These are all varieties that have proven satisfactory in Manitoba and in parts of Saskatchewan where they have been tried out by private owners. All these trees are either bud or crown grafted on Siberian crabapple roots and are perfectly hardy. The majority of these apple trees will be planted in the Regina Nursery in order to get seeds for future planting and distribution.

About one hundred and eighty northern grown, one, two, and three year old plum trees, of the best varieties produced to date in Western Canada, have been obtained and were planted this fall in the Government Nurseries at Regina, to supply building material for propagation of these varieties. These grafted plum trees represent thirty-six varieties. One thousand five hundred standard seedling plum trees have been obtained for stock or for fruit.

In addition we have obtained from the Experimental Farm at Morden, nearly nine bushels of plum seeds taken from early very hardy plum trees, as well as from a few promising varieties produced to date in Western Canada, have been obtained and were planted this fall in the Government Nurseries at Regina, to supply building material for propagation of these varieties. These grafted plum trees represent thirty-six varieties. One thousand five hundred standard seedling plum trees have been obtained for stock or for fruit.

A portion of these plum pits have been planted in the Regina Nursery and the balance divided among the Institutional Farm orchards where they also have been planted. The pits are planted three inches deep about one to two inches apart in rows three feet apart so that they can cultivate between the rows, and a mulch is being put over the rows in order to retain moisture and assist in germination. Of the plum pits retained for the Regina Nursery, one half has already been planted and the other half will be stratified in wet sawdust and planted in the spring. A record will be kept of the best germination under each mode for future work.

The apple seeds and crabapple seed will be kept in the Regina Nursery. We have obtained 340 pounds of Western grown fruit from which the seed, mostly Siberian crab, will be taken, and in addition the Experimental Farm at Indian Head has just sent three sacks of apples and boxes of apple and plum seeds. The seedlings from these will be used as root stock on which to bud the standard varieties from cuttings and buds obtained from provincial private growers, and experimental farms. We are getting bud wood from one hundred varieties of apples and grafting it on the Siberian crab seedlings next spring. We have issued a public invitation to all private orchard owners in Saskatchewan after they have seen our apples and crabs, to save the seeds and forward them with the name of the variety to the Government Nurseries at Regina, as a voluntary contribution to the cause of fruit growing in Saskatchewan. From private sources we expect to receive much valuable material. Part of the apple and crab apple seed will be planted this fall, and the balance will be kept in a cool cellar when it will be taken out in the spring, soaked in water for two days and then planted.

Mr. J. E. Park, the provincial landscape gardener, who has had a very valuable experience in experimental fruit work, is planning to introduce a set of records in the nurseries and on each Institutional Farm, where book-keeping entries will be made of each variety and the results obtained annually from same. A comparison will be made of the effect of local weather conditions at each farm on the different kinds of fruit, thus establishing the variety of each kind of fruit best suited to each locality.

When the orchard projects were

No more dusting for me!



at least not with old-fashioned dust cloths. I've found a better way.

Thousands of Canadian women know that her "better way" is the Wonder Paper. Made from clean rags and shell paper pulp scientifically treated with high-grade furniture polish, it dusts—

as it cleans and it polishes. Wonder Paper is changing the old-established order of house-cleaning. One neat package of it appeals more to women than yards of old rags that spread dust and constantly need washing to be sanitary.

You get twenty-five sheets of Wonder Paper for a quarter. Simply crumple sheet into a soft wad, go over the furniture, woodwork, and the floors. The results are a delight. In half the time and with half the effort, you get a necessary task done far more satisfactorily. And when you're through, throw away the piece of Wonder Paper. No shaking out, or washing, or dusters. Certainly you ought to try Wonder Paper.

Special Offer

WONDER PAPER is made by the makers of the famous PARASOL, the Heavy Waxed Paper in the Green Box. Most grocery, hardware and department stores have Appleford Wonder Paper in stock. If yours hasn't, just send this coupon and we'll give you a booklet entitled "Wonder Paper and your 100 recipes for 'Leftovers'."

Appleford Paper Products, Ltd.,
Hastings, Ontario.

Enclosed find 25¢ for which please send me one package of the Wonder Paper and your 100 recipes for "Leftovers."

Name _____

Address _____

My dealer is _____

418

first contemplated the proposals were taken up with the Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture at Ottawa, and Dr. E. S. Archibald, Director of the Dominion Experimental Farms, and both expressed their appreciation of the importance of the work, and promised the necessary encouragement and co-operation, which has been given in a wholehearted way by them and the officials of their departments engaged in fruit experimental work in Western Canada.

Mr. W. R. Leslie, Superintendent of the Dominion Experimental work at Morden, has been especially enthusiastic and helpful. Mr. Leslie has done some of the finest work in Western Canada in the matter of fruit growing. On my visit to the Morden farm this summer to inspect the work, and ascertain the best varieties suited to the different localities in Saskatchewan in which our Institutional Farms are located, Mr. Leslie spent a full half day showing me over the orchards. He is freely giving his advice as to the best varieties and is not only sharing his experience with the Department of Agriculture, but is giving us some of his best material. Saskatchewan is getting the advantage of fifteen years of fruit experimenting at the Morden farm.

We have also received very valuable assistance from Mr. F. V. Huton of the Rosthern Experimental Farm, from which our young fruit trees have mostly come. Mr. William Gibson, Superintendent of the Indian Head Experimental Farm and R. Wilson, formerly of the Regina Station, but now in charge of Horticulture at Indian Head, are also giving us strong encouragement in our work and are co-operating in supplying material which will be sent in and distributed to our orchards and planted in the spring. They have sent in plum, apple and crabapple seed this fall, and similar assistance in the matter of north-grown stock fruit given by Superintendent Matthews of Scott Experimental station.

Professor Patterson who is in charge of the Saskatchewan, is a strong exponent of the Government fruit growing campaign. He has welcomed the

opportunity of having his selections from controlled crosses, originated by him at the University, tested out on the Institutional farms in the different parts of the province. Professor Patterson has given us plum seeds in addition to those already mentioned and is supplying us with raspberry plants.

About eighteen hundred raspberry shrubs of thirty different varieties and fifty different cuttings of black, red, and white currants of twenty-four different varieties have been obtained and are being heeled in and will be planted in the orchards in the spring between the rows of fruit trees. Gooseberry plants will be received from Morden farm and planted in the spring in each orchard. We have received up to date 1,320 sand cherries for fruiting and experimental work.

We expect also to receive from Morden in the spring, a goodly supply of grape cuttings which will include a number of named varieties: Alpha, Beta, Suetter, Hungarian, Selected native grapes from Riding Mountains, and Campbell Early.

The seeds from eleven quarts of sweet blue grapes grown this year and ripened in George Watt's old garret, have been saved and are being planted. These varieties trained to the fan system which eliminates the trunk, have wintered well in the spring in each orchard. We have received up to date 1,320 sand cherries for fruiting and experimental work. We expect also to receive from Morden in the spring, a goodly supply of grape cuttings which will include a number of named varieties: Alpha, Beta, Suetter, Hungarian, Selected native grapes from Riding Mountains, and Campbell Early.

We therefore feel that the Saskatchewan Government fruit growing campaign is in full swing, and the plum trees which will result from nine bushels of plum pits and the other fruit trees will keep growing and supply fruit to the patients and others after many of us are dead and gone. Similar work will be done each year as it is only by growing and testing out thousands of seedlings annually that new and important varieties will be developed.

Fruit growing is the largest field for scientific and experimental horticulture that exists on the prairies. This is the largest field in Saskatchewan up to date although here and there private individuals have done excellent work. In co-operation with the Experimental Farms and University, the Department of Public Works, through the Institutional Farms, is making every endeavor to encourage the growth of fruit on as many farm and home gardens as is possible in the province, in order to make the homes more attractive and to assist in diversified farming by making each home unit as self-supporting as possible. Saskatchewan fruit, a result of our climate, sunshine and soil, is surpassed in flavor by no other fruit in Canada.

With the introduction of the fruit trees, there will be established a hive of two bees on each farm to pollinate the fruit. If this proves satisfactory it will be the beginning of Bee culture and the production of honey on the Institutional Farms.

Triumph For Bay Route

Prairie Flour Reached England Three Weeks After Wheat Was Cut

A London Despatch to the Canadian Press says:—

"The freshest prairie flour that has ever been landed in Britain." This was the proud boast of R. S. Dalglish when their tramp steamer, "Pennyworth," landed at the Royal Victoria dock in London.

The "Pennyworth" had carried grain from Churchill in just over a fortnight and her cargo had been growing in the prairies of Canada just a few days before it was loaded. London authorities recognized the record of the enterprise in docking bagged flour in London just three weeks after it had been waving in the fields and there was considerable celebration.

The current edition of the P. L. A. Monthly, a magazine published under the auspices of the Port of London Authority, contains a feature article on the trip. It tells of the small multi-colored cargo of chocolate, "mudies," cheese, dusters, gloves, glassware and the inevitable and ubiquitous "scotch" which the "Pennyworth" carried to the new Hudson Bay seaport in an uneventful voyage across the Atlantic and through the Hudson Strait.

The captain reported the navigating of the Strait to be simpler than the St. Lawrence and declared there was little fog. The ship was fitted with two essentials, a gyro compass, since the ordinary compass goes dead at certain parts of the course, and a Marconi echometer for rapid and frequent soundings.

Of the return voyage and the loading the P. L. A. says: "There were 700 tons of flour to be loaded in the 'new' dock. The flour was fresh flour, specially milled by the Robinson Hood and Fort Garry Mills from prairie grain, loaded in trucks, rushed to Churchill, and put on board. The return voyage occupied just over two weeks, and so the flour reached London with a saving of not just days, but probably weeks."

Commodity prices in Chile are 25 per cent. higher than a year ago.



Devil's Food Layer Cake

3/4 cup butter
1 1/2 cups sugar
3 eggs
1 cup milk
2 1/2 cups pastry
flour for 2 cups
and 3 table-
spoons of bread
flour

1/2 teaspoon salt
3 teaspoons
Magic Baking
Powder
1 teaspoon va-
nilla extract
2 1/2 cups unsweet-
ened chocolate,
melted

Cream butter thoroughly; add sugar slowly. Add beaten yolks; mix thoroughly. Add flour sifted with baking powder and salt; alternately with milk; add vanilla and melted chocolate. Fold in stiffly beaten egg whites. Put into 3 greased layer cake tins and bake in moderate oven 350° F. about 30 minutes. When cool, put together and cover thickly with Chocolate or White Icing (recipes are in the Magic Cook Book).

Miss Gertrude Dutton

tells why she makes her

Devil's Food Layer Cake

with Magic Baking Powder

"I know from experience," says the cookery expert of Western Home Monthly, "that a Magic makes most baked dishes look and taste better. Its uniform leveling quality gives dependable baking results."

And Miss Dutton's praise of Magic is seconded by the majority of dietitians and cookery experts throughout the Dominion. They use Magic exclusively because they know it is pure, and always uniform.

Canadian housewives, too, prefer Magic. In fact, Magic outsells all other baking powders combined. For luscious layer cakes, light, tender biscuits, delicious pastry—follow Miss Dutton's advice. Use Magic Baking Powder.

FREE COOK BOOK—When you bake at home, the Magic Cook Book will give you dozens of recipes for delicious baked foods. Write to Standard Brands Ltd., Fraser Ave. and Liberty St., Toronto, Ontario.

MAGIC BAKING POWDER
Contains no alum. This statement on every tin is your guarantee that Magic Baking Powder is free from alum or any harmful ingredients.

Made in Canada

Tree-Planting Record

New York State has planted 22,000,000 trees on 27,000 acres in the past year—probably a tree planting record for the entire world. This is exclusive of trees planted by counties, cities and private conservationists.

Canada's One-Cent Coins

The issue of 18,000,000 Canadian one-cent pieces during the past years by the Department of Finance required 66 tons of copper and the coins placed side by side would extend 221 miles.

Nearly 140,000,000 tons of coal were burned in England in the last 12 months.

Try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Felt Terribly Nervous
Fagged out... always melancholy and blue. She should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Its tonic action builds up the system. Try it.

THE ATTITUDE OF BRITAIN ON DISARMAMENT

London, Eng.—"We are endeavoring to transmit into practical form the overwhelming desire and passionate hope of the British people to make disarmament an accomplished fact."

To a world perplexed with the assertions of various powers concerning the vital question of disarmament, whose efforts towards that end have thus far met with small success, Sir John Simon made the foregoing statement in a speech in a crowded House of Commons.

It was significant that the British government chose, through its foreign secretary, to announce its attitude to the disarmament problem on the eve of Armistice Day. "A fair meeting of Germany's claims on the principle of equality," was favored by Sir John, who pleaded that "the European states should join in a solemn affirmation that they will not in any circumstances attempt to resolve any present or future differences by resort to force."

Recognition of the right to parity in arms would entail on Germany, along with others, the acceptance of this corresponding obligation of an assurance of peace. Sir John recognized the fact that the arms limitations imposed on Germany by the Treaty of Versailles were to be preliminary to a general limitation of arms. It was not the desire of other countries to inflict permanent inferiority upon Germany but the hesitancy to change the Versailles Treaty restrictions was from anxiety as to the developments that might arise from the resulting situation, with the possible disturbing of the tranquility of Europe.

These further principles were laid down on behalf of the government of Great Britain: 1. That the limitation of Germany's armaments by special provisions in the Treaty of Versailles should be superseded. Any limitation of Germany's armaments should be expressed in a document that would at the same time limit the armaments of other nations.

2. The duration of such a disarmament convention should be the same for Germany as for other countries. 3. The British Government was willing in co-operation with other members of the disarmament conference to see the principle of equality in the prohibited classes of armaments (chemical warfare, etc.) was embodied in the new document.

Railway Co-Operation

C.N.R. President Believes Two Systems Should Be Under Separate Management

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada's two major railway systems should co-operate to avoid wasteful expenditures but remain under separate management, S. J. Hungerford, president of the Canadian National Railways, to the senate committee reviewing railway legislation, proposed recently.

The National president sent the following telegram to Senator George P. Graham, chairman of the committee: "Canadian National has no particular further representations to make as situation stands at present but desires to reiterate our conviction that the two systems should be under separate management but in active co-operation with a view to avoidance of any wasteful expenditures and un-sound competition."

E. W. Beatty, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, will appear before the committee next week to make representations. Officials of the Labor unions also will appear next week but Mr. Hungerford's telegram indicated the Canadian National was not seeking to make representations.

Banana Crop Damaged

Jamaica Hurricane Causes Loss Of Three Million Dollars

Kingston, Jamaica.—Fully 50 per cent. of the banana cultivations on this island were wiped out by a terrific storm which struck West Jamaica.

The centre of the storm hit Point Negril, the western extremity of the island and the wind registered 75 miles an hour. The damage was estimated at \$3,000,000. There was no loss of life.

Fire takes 30 lives in the United States every day.

London's 142 hospitals had a total income of \$19,055,000 last year.

W. N. U. 1968

Banker Foils Bandit

Vancouver Hold-Up Is Frustrated By Action Of Bank Manager

Vancouver, B.C.—Less than two hours after a lone gunman attempted to hold up the Sixteenth Avenue and Oak Street branch of the Royal Bank of Canada, police arrested a suspect who is being held for questioning.

The man was arrested at his home by officers, who stated that on searching his room they found a revolver from which a bullet had been fired recently.

Quick thinking and prompt action by E. Devereaux, manager of the branch, foiled the holdup attempt, and demonstrated again that the manager was no easy mark for "stick-ups."

Shortly before noon a man entered the bank carrying a satchel. Going to Devereaux's desk he pointed a gun at the manager. Devereaux immediately dropped behind the counter and reached for his own gun. The bandit fired one shot and fled in a car, which was recovered by police 20 minutes later and discovered to have been stolen from H. Wright.

On July 28 last two men entered the bank and attempted to hold up Devereaux. The manager rushed into his office and fired several shots through the window to attract attention, frightening the bandits, who fled in a waiting car.

New Rules Issued

Conditions Under Which Civil Servants May Hold Municipal Offices

Ottawa, Ont.—The government has issued a list of conditions under which civil servants may hold municipal offices. The order applies throughout Canada.

In all cases permission must be secured from Ottawa before a civil servant contests a municipal election. If the post he seeks carries a salary or remuneration of \$500 or less he may hold it without severing his connection with the government.

If the salary is above that figure, he must secure leave of absence without pay, devoting his full time to the municipal office.

Caught In Flood Of Oil

Two Men Drowned In Peculiar Accident At Montreal

Montreal, East, Que.—Caught in a flood of fuel oil, Placide Bourgeois, 45, and another man were killed at the plant of the Imperial Oil Company when a huge tank containing 30,000 barrels of fuel oil burst.

The men were digging nearby, standing in an excavation several feet deep. The gush of oil from the broken tank overwhelmed them and both drowned before help arrived. Details as to how the tank broke were not immediately available, but it was stated there was no explosion of any kind. One body was recovered.

Build More Elevators

Vancouver Only Port In The World To Increase Elevator Capacity

Vancouver, B.C.—By December 15, Vancouver's grain elevator capacity will be approximately 1,600,000 bushels greater than at present, this being the only port in the world today where additional elevator construction is being installed.

Three additions to grain elevators are nearing completion, two of which are expected to be finished by December 1. Thus, Vancouver's present capacity of 16,205,000 bushels will be increased to 17,830,000 bushels.

No Request For Relief

Ottawa, Ont.—The Saskatchewan Government has made no application to the Department of Labor for relief of farmers in the dried-out areas of the province. Hon. W. A. Gordon said in the House of Commons. He was replying to a question asked by Dr. Thomas Donnelly, Liberal, Willow Bunch.

To Market Canadian Products

Toronto, Ont.—The Retail Merchants' Association of Canada announced it would co-operate with the commerce department of Queen's University, Kingston, in plans for an exhaustive study to formulate definite information regarding domestic distribution of Canadian products.

Geese Tangle Wire Lines

Winnipeg, Man.—Four Manitoba towns—Holland, Glenboro, Baldur, and Cypress River—were without electric power for several hours following an aerial attack by a flock of geese on transmission lines. The birds caused a short-circuit, but only three of them were killed.

Labor Statistics

471,668 Canadians Were Unemployed On June 1st.

Ottawa, Ont.—On June 1, 1931, the date of the Dominion-wide census, Canada's unemployed total stood at 471,668, according to a return tabled by Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, in the House of Commons. The wage-earners numbered 2,564,879, of whom 81.39 per cent. were at work.

The number of "unemployed in the ordinary meaning of the term" was 392,809, or 15.32 of all wage-earners, since these persons recorded themselves to have "no job." Others were laid off temporarily, some were out of work through sickness, accidents and lock-outs.

Of the wage-earners, 2,017,606 were males, and 547,273 females. Of the former, 422,994 were not at work, and of the latter, 48,674.

MAJORITY FOR ROOSEVELT MAY PROVE RECORD

Washington.—Backgrounding the election of Franklin Delano Roosevelt as United States president by what promises to be the greatest electoral majority in the history of the country, Democratic supremacy in the next House of Representatives passed the three-to-one mark as completion of vote-counting neared.

Meantime the party figures in the senate approached the border of a two-to-one margin.

Some 70 house seats remained to be heard from, however.

It looked as though Democratic majorities would be increased instead of decreased, but there was nothing finally conclusive as to the final line-up.

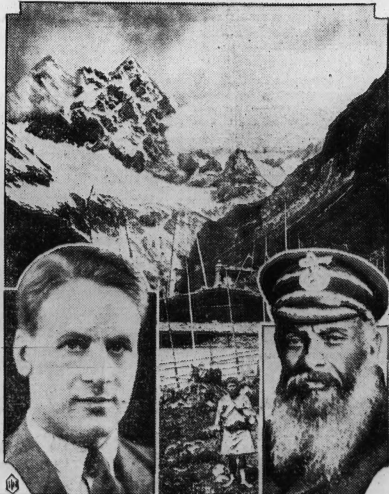
From Connecticut to the state of Washington, the mighty rush of Democratic ballots that bore the New York Governor to presidency over Herbert Hoover, took heavy and hourly growing toll of "G.O.P." legislators, some of them veterans of many years at the capitol.

Outstanding among the latest republican old guard victims were the veteran Senator Wesley L. Jones of Washington, and Senator Tasker L. Oddie of Nevada. Their victorious Democratic adversaries were Homer T. Bone, and Patrick A. McCarran.

Other familiar figures who fell before the Democratic hurricane were Read Smoot of Utah, dean of the senate, where he has served for 30 years; George H. Moses for New Hampshire, president pro tem; James E. Watson of Indiana, Republican leader, and Hiram Bingham of Connecticut, administration stalwart.

The lineup for the short session of the present congress, which expires March 4, was in doubt, with the Democrats holding 48 seats, the Republicans 46, and leading in one.

BRITISH MARQUESS MAY CONQUER EVEREST BY AIR



LORD CLYNCHDALE. — MR. EVEREST — MAHARAJAH OF NEPAL

With the chief object of promoting British prestige—particularly in India—the Marquess of Douglas and Clydesdale, British aviation enthusiast and Member of Parliament, with a few chosen companions, will take off from Northern Borneo sometime within the next few months, in an attempt to fly over the summit of Mount Everest, giant of the Himalayas. Clydesdale is being supported in his perilous venture by the British Air Ministry and India Office; and the Maharajah of Nepal, in whose territory the mountain is situated, has given permission for the flight. Two planes will make the attempt. One will photograph the other if, and when, it crosses the summit of Everest. This is to provide authentic proof that the feat has actually been accomplished.

HUNGER LEADER



Wal Hannington, the militant organizer of the London "hunger march" which recently resulted in serious rioting in the British Capital, Hannington has been arrested, charged with "inciting to mutiny" and he will probably receive a stiff sentence.

Still For Prohibition

Andrew Volstead Has Not Changed His Viewpoint

St. Paul, Minn.—Andrew J. Volstead said he was still convinced prohibition is the thing for the United States.

Asked to comment on gains made by the wets in the election, he replied: "I have seen too many elections to have national sentiment mean anything to me. I am still for prohibition." He refused to amplify.

Volstead, co-author of the dry act, pertaining his name, is legal adviser to the district prohibition administrator here.

Free State Will Not Pay Land Annuities

Government Not Giving In To Britain Says De Valera

Dublin, Irish Free State.—Eamon de Valera, president of the council of the Irish Free State, told members of the Flannna Fail party, of which he is a member, that "so long as this government is concerned the land annuities will never be paid."

"The new duties against Irish produce we had expected. We knew that the United Kingdom would attempt to bully and coerce us and if we give in she will always do so," he said.

Balloon Is Released

Calgary, Alberta.—Fifth to be released since September, a large meteorological balloon went soaring skywards from the municipal airport here to record pressure and temperature in the stratosphere, eight to 10 miles above the ground. The balloon was released by C. H. Bromley, representative of the Dominion Meteorological Bureau here.

Wife Of Stalin Is Dead

Most Powerful Figure In Soviet Russia Is Bereaved

Moscow, Russia.—Nadya Allilulova, wife of Joseph Stalin, most powerful figure in all Soviet Russia, but herself a retiring woman who lived plainly, is dead.

The Tass agency, official Soviet news organization, announced her death but gave no details.

She was 30 years old. Only a few months ago she had completed a three-year course at the All-Union Industrial Academy which qualified her as an expert in the production of artificial silk and made her eligible to a high administrative-technical post in an important section of the Soviet textile industry.

In addition to Stalin, their two children—a boy of 12 and a girl of seven—survive her. There also is a stepchild, Stalin's son by a previous marriage, who is 23.

Soldiers On Guard

Militia Men Stationed At Federal Penitentiaries In West

Winnipeg, Man.—Steel-helmeted militia men, with full field equipment and machine guns, are stationed at federal penitentiaries in Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

Twenty-five men were in each detachment to leave Winnipeg fully equipped and supplied with a plentiful quantity of ammunition. The troops were dispatched to Prince Albert carried a truck load of ammunition, while both detachments had machine guns.

There are nearly 600 convicts at Prince Albert, while those housed at Stony Mountain total several hundred, probably near the thousand mark.

Table Supplementary Estimates In House

Total Of \$1,534,957 Added For Present Fiscal Year

Ottawa, Ont.—Further supplementary estimates for the present fiscal year, totalling \$1,534,957, were tabled in the House of Commons by Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Minister of Finance.

The largest single item in the list is an appropriation of \$955,000, a further amount required for unemployment relief under the administration of the Department of Pensions and National Health.

BRITAIN READY TO AID CAUSE OF WORLD PEACE

London, Eng.—Stanley Baldwin, Lord President of the Council and leader of the Conservatives in the House of Commons, told guests at the Lord Mayor's banquet, Great Britain could make no further step toward disarmament without similar moves on the part of other nations.

Mr. Baldwin, speaking in place of Prime Minister Ramsay MacDonald who was absent on doctor's orders, declared: "The time has come to an end when Britain can proceed with unilateral disarmament."

He added, however, that the United Kingdom was ready at any time to join other nations in plans which might reduce armaments and bring assurance of world peace.

The Conservative leader pleaded for settlement of the war debt problem. "It is essential to the world that ratification of the Lausanne settlements on reparations should now become possible and the work begun there should be completed," he said.

He added he wished the success which had attended the Lausanne parity had been reflected in the world disarmament conference, but reminded his hearers that in accordance with the terms of the "gentlemen's agreement," fulfillment of the accords reached at Lausanne depends on a more lenient debt settlement between creditor and debtor nations.

He reiterated that Great Britain was resolved to stand by her obligations undertaken under the covenant of the League of Nations, and would continue to co-operate with the League in every respect.

From disarmament and war debts, Mr. Baldwin turned to affairs within the empire and to prospects of increased prosperity in empire countries as a result of the Ottawa economic conference.

Of that conference he said: "Patience, forbearance, sympathy and a sense of one another's requirement, we believe, laid the foundations leading to increased trade between us by lowering economic barriers."

WHEAT CROP ESTIMATE AT A LOWER FIGURE

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada's total wheat crop is now estimated at 35,800,000 bushels less than it was in September, by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In a report released Thursday afternoon, November 10, the total wheat crop for the entire Dominion was placed at 431,200,000 bushels compared with September estimate of 467,000,000. Most of the decrease is in the prairie provinces where Thursday's estimate was 411,000,000, and in the September estimate 446,000,000.

Not only are the estimates for wheat down but for other grains as well. In the prairie provinces the estimate for oats is now placed at 247,300,000 bushels. In September it was estimated at 274,700,000 bushels.

"The obvious explanation for the reduction," the report states, "lies in the impossibility of estimating the effects of drought and other depressing influences on yield until actual threshing operations were in progress."

The heavy marketings up to date may indicate that the correspondents on whose returns the estimate is based, have been unduly pessimistic, the report explains.

The crop report Thursday was eagerly awaited by western members of the House of Commons. "It may help the price of wheat some," one of them suggested.

For Sound Money

Bennett Scores Propounders Of New Monetary System

Toronto, Ont.—The credit of Canada has been preserved to an extent that it stands pre-eminent among the nations of the world. From Prime Minister R. B. Bennett came this declaration as he addressed delegates to the Ontario Conservative Association annual banquet.

To the propounders of a new monetary system for the use of printing presses to turn out more dollar bills, Premier Bennett issued a rebuke. "We do it we destroy this country and its credit, and once you do that the appetite for more becomes insatiable. It became so insatiable in Germany that it took about 1,000,000 Marks to post a letter."

Doubts Conference Benefits

Hon. W. R. Motherwell Says Agreement Injures Trade

Ottawa, Ont.—"If the 1930 Imperial Conference was humbug, the last Imperial Conference was a double-eyed, twice-distilled quessence of humbug," declared Hon. W. R. Motherwell (Lib, Melville), in the House of Commons. He continued debate on second reading of the bill to ratify the Canada-United Kingdom trade agreement.

He was opposed to the agreement, said the former minister of agriculture, for several reasons. He objected to the government's methods of giving preferences by raising tariffs against the rest of the world. Its effect would be to injure Canada's trade.

The agreement had been arrived at under the "threat" of an imposition of tariffs by the United Kingdom on November 15, said Mr. Motherwell.

Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin had given Canadian wheat a preference with one hand and taken it away with the other, when he insisted that the wheat be sold at world prices, Mr. Motherwell said. The only way to secure a preference was by way of a quota.

He had looked for some remedial action on the part of the British government in connection with the necessity of routing Canadian grain by Canadian ports in order to obtain the preference. He could not believe that the government would knowingly interfere with a long-established trade route, via Buffalo and New York.

It would cost twice as much to convey the wheat by way of Halifax and Saint John. In the increased costs of freight and storage, while he was prepared to patronize Canadian ports, he did not wish to do so at a price of four or five cents extra in the way of expenses.

Mr. Motherwell felt that the government's first act at the conference should have been to adjust the exchange situation. If this could not be achieved among "members of the same family," how did the Prime Minister hope to attain it at an international conference among foreigners?

For World Peace

A Peaceful Atlantic All That Is Needed Says Premier of France
Let Britain and America "give us a peaceful Atlantic" and we, single-handed, will guarantee the peace of the world," Premier Herriot told the Anglo-American Press Association in Paris, in a speech in which he compared international peace with marriage.

"Peace is like marriage between two countries," Herriot said. "Each gives formal promises to respect mutual rights."

"I have been foreign minister several times, but have been a mayor for many years," Herriot said. He has been mayor of Lyons for 27 years. "As a mayor, one asks two people whether they wish to live in peace and harmony together."

Herriot said he had been a lifelong pacifist, but a practical one. "I don't intend building a castle of illusions in the skies," he said. "I want a practical, mutual peace machine built on the solid ground of Europe."

"As a Frenchman, I have a proposition to make to you British and Americans. Give us a peaceful Atlantic, and we, single-handed, will guarantee the peace of the world."

Evidence Of Herring Find Near Churchill

Species Appear To Be Same As Caught On Norway Coast
Discovery of evidence that salt water herring is to be found in Hudson Bay was told by John Ingebrigtsen, Norwegian fisherman, who arrived in The Pas after spending the summer at Churchill, from whence he cruised again the west coast of the bay while on fishing and freighting trips.

Discovery of the herring was made by Ingebrigtsen at Serry Island, 160 miles north of Churchill. He had found some of the fish washed up on shore. They were approximately eight inches in length and appeared to be of the same species as are caught by fishermen on the coast of Norway.

He took a few samples picked up on the shore to Churchill. He was not equipped with the proper nets to catch any of the herring.

Ingebrigtsen said he had also found this summer a new kind of bait useful for bay fishing. It was a small fish apparently plentiful in the bay waters. He thinks perhaps it is a species of capelin. It is the kind of bait he has found in Hudson Bay, having discovered two kinds while out last summer.

Gas Lighting Still Used

London Has Fifty Thousand Street Lamps Lighted Every Night

You would think, perhaps, that gas illumination belongs to a disappearing epoch—didn't Robert Louis Stevenson write a poem about Leerie and Lamp-lighter? Yet the Gas Light and Coke Company, of London, still carries on, still lights every night nearly 50,000 street lamps. It has just signed a contract with the City of Westminster—that rich municipality which is really one of London's boroughs, and which amongst its 55 miles of streets, contains such famous ones as Pall Mall, Piccadilly, Regent Street and Whitehall—for another fifteen years.

A great contract, if you like, affecting more than half the West End of London; and the Gas Light and Coke Company recently took a few half-page ads in the most expensive papers to announce the fact.

World Is "Coming Back"

Recovery Will Be Hastened If Everyone Does Their Bit

Nothing is now surer than that the world is "coming back." Besides the fact that old "cosmos" has wangled through a dozen or more such crises, there is in the air every sign of returning recuperation. "The fig tree putteth forth her green figs, and the vines with tender grapes give a good smell." For, to the winter is past, and the voice of the turtle is heard in the land. The recovery will be hastened, in the meantime if those of us who have not yet perceived the coming of the dawn will close our mouths, take a hitch on our belt and do what our hands find to do with our might. Let us do less talking and more real work.—S. Davidson.

The oldest town in the world is said to be the ruins of Tepe Gawra, in northern Mesopotamia.

The bleaching properties of chlorine were first shown by a French chemist, in 1784.

Commodity prices in Japan are increasing.

W. N. U. 1928

ALL ROADS LED TO LONDON BUT THE MARCHERS OUTSTAYED THEIR WELCOME.



Our pictures show two small groups of hunger marchers who descended upon the British capital intent on presenting a petition to the House of Commons. They were unsuccessful and after giving the London police an anxious time for three days departed for home. Left, one of the women demonstrators is given a lift by some of the boys from Brighton. Right, some of the boys in the vanguard carry the banner and march to the tunes from a harmonica.

Cleaning Royal Clocks

Twenty-Four Men Now Busy At Buckingham Palace

Buckingham Palace giving the king's clocks their autumn clean.

The work will occupy two months, for they will clean and adjust every one of the wonderful collection of more than 160 clocks at the palace.

Even then most of the clocks in the royal collection will remain to be done, for at Windsor Castle there are another 360 belonging to the king, as well as about 250 more at Sandringham and Balmoral and other royal residences.

The king's favorite timepiece is a small clock with a plain mahogany case and a simple plain dial, on the desk of his study in Buckingham Palace, where he does much of his official work. It has been in his possession for many years, and by it he regulates his many audiences and interviews.

The king is one of the most punctual men in the country, and is never late for an official function or a private engagement, so that all the palace clocks must be accurate. It is an expert's duty to wind and adjust them every day.

The most curious clock in the collection is the one made in France in the time of Louis XV, in the form of a negro's head, with one eye showing the hour and the other the minute.

While great care is taken at Buckingham Palace to keep every clock accurate, at Sandringham, the king's estate in Norfolk, every clock is half an hour fast.

The generally accepted explanation of this is that King Edward wished to make it easier for himself to be in time for engagements, but the real reason is that King Edward, impatient at the shortness of the autumn days when most of his shooting was done, forestalled summer time by ordering the clocks to be advanced. The custom has been maintained ever since.

Has Sense Of Humor

Gandhi Had Clever Reply Ready For Blustering American

It is difficult to associate Mr. Gandhi with a sense of humor, but an artist who painted him while he was in London tells of a rather blustering American who burst in while the Mahatma was absorbed in meditation, reports the News of the World. "Say, Mr. Gandhi," said the visitor, "what good would it do if your country was freed from the English? You would fall into the hands of the Germans or the French or the Russians in no time." "Would that matter?" asked Gandhi, "if we were able to keep out of the hands of the Americans?"

No Thanks To Him

"This is a wonderful suit I am wearing."
"It looks very ordinary."
"But the wool came from Australia, English merchants sold it to a Scottish factory, it was woven in Saxony, made into a suit in Berlin."
"Nothing wonderful about that."
"No, the wonder is that so many people can get a living out of something I have never paid for!"

Won Outstanding Honor

Field-Marshal von Mackensen, who, like Hindenburg, is one of the oldest survivors of the Great War, celebrated his eighty-fourth birthday a few weeks ago. One of the many distinctions he has won is that he was the first German soldier of humble stock to reach the rank of General Field-Marshal. He is the son of a farmer.

Airport Of the Skies

Plan Huge Overhead Aerodrome In London, England

An overhead aerodrome in the shape of a gigantic wheel half a mile in diameter, at an estimated cost of £25,000,000, is a proposal of London promoters, who hope to have a bill introduced in parliament in the near future for permission to build it. The proposed airport of the skies is to be supported by 36 skyscrapers, in the heart of Central London, over the railway lines behind King's Cross and St. Pancras stations.

The scheme as outlined by W. Craven-Elles, Conservative, M.P. for Southampton, one of the promoters, is as follows:

There will be eight spokes in the wheel design of the overhead aerodrome so that aeroplanes can always land no matter what direction the wind. Each spoke and surrounding rim will be 200 feet wide—three times the width of London Bridge.

The 36 buildings which will form the legs of the aerodrome will be 120 feet high and will be used as warehouses, factories for light industries, flats and offices. One of them will be a hotel. The flats will house 800 families at a rental of 30 shillings a week.

License Suspended For Life

Punishment Imposed By English Magistrate On Drunken Driver

Captain Harry St. Clair Dyson, who had a fine career in the war, was convicted in England by the Southern bench of magistrates on a charge of driving a motor car when under the influence of drink, was fined \$500 or two months' imprisonment, and his driver's license was suspended for the remainder of his life. It was his third conviction on similar charges since 1927.

After the war he was associated with Lord Byng in connection with the distribution of the United Service Fund, and then went to British West Africa, where he contracted malaria.

British Millers Grind Own Wheat

Since the commencement of the present crop year British mills have been using a high percentage of Canadian wheat—undoubtedly the largest percentage since 1928. The re-establishment of a high percentage of Canadian wheat in the mixtures used by British mills is a factor of importance, says a report of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Manitoba Sells Barley To British Brewers

Representative Pleased With Samples From Swan River Valley

A representative of the Associated Brewers has been in Manitoba for some time, securing a shipment of about 60,000 bushels of Manitoba barley to try out for malting purposes.

He has secured shipments from all parts of the province and is taking three carloads from the following: C. W. Banks, Benito; C. H. Goodman, Benito; Wm. Gordon, Kentville.

Major Shaw expressed himself as very pleased with the Valley samples, and if he can possibly do so will arrange to pay a visit to Swan River before he returns to England.

Some of these shipments are being sacked and kept separate from the balance of the grain shipped, so that a detailed report can be given as to their suitability for malting purposes.

Sound Rule For Driving

If Driver "Watches Other Fellow" Safety Is Assured

One of the sound rules for safe driving is to "watch the other fellow." When we form the habit of doing just that, we keep our eyes on the road ahead. When we keep our eyes on the road ahead it's ever so much easier to keep our minds on the all-important job of driving safely. Watching the other fellow develops a new interest in him, too. It fosters a badly needed highway courtesy. It is a constant reminder that the road is owned by all, and not by any one driver. It tells us that the other fellow has equal rights with our own, and that if we infringe on these rights we do so at our own peril.—Brandon Sun.

Learn English By Singing

English is being taught Germans of Bavaria through singing. The Bavarian Broadcasting Company is broadcasting simple folk songs in English, the teacher at the microphone singing slowly and asking listeners to repeat the song after him. Every word is then explained by rhyme or song. He is assisted by a sextette. The system of instruction was originated by a Bavarian schoolmaster, imported from China, who says it was successful there.

A movie man in Hollywood has had the same valet for eight years and the same chauffeur fourteen, but not the same wife.

Plays Under a Handicap

Football Star Although Deaf Gets Signs By Finger System

Football signals given in sign language is something new for the gridiron.

But that is the way Bilbo Monaghan, big blonde, deaf and dumb right end of the Memphis Tigers, professional football team, learns what the next play is to be.

He lost his hearing when he was seven. He can talk, but his voice has the unnatural sound peculiar to deaf persons. To hear Bilbo tell it, deafness is a great help.

"I don't waste my breath talking," he explains. "And I believe I can see more than most players. My eyes are my ears, also, so they are well developed."

And another thing, when opposing players get to whispering about plays, Monaghan can sometimes read their lips.

Bilbo attended the school for the deaf and dumb at Jackson, Miss., where he starred in athletics. He then went to Galladett College, Washington, D.C., where he was a four-letter man.

This is his first season as a professional athlete.

"Frosty" Peters, quarterback on the Tigers and former University of Illinois football star, is Bilbo's buddy. "Frosty" gives him the signals in sign language and takes a special interest to see that Monaghan understands what is to come next.

Bilbo can't hear the referee's whistle of course, so he takes no chances. "I always hold the guy till I'm sure," he says. "Most of the times I know when the whistle has blown, though, by seeing the other players stop."

One Reason Whaling Trade Has Declined

Sale Of Articles Containing Spermaceti Has Fallen Off

One of the reasons for curtailment of whaling operations off the Pacific coast during the last two seasons is that women are showing preference for articles that do not contain spermaceti, once a treasured article of world trade.

This is the opinion of William Schupp, president of Consolidated Whaling Corporation, which operates the also used for making candles of British Columbia ports.

Spermaceti is the wax found in the head cavities and blubber of the sperm whale and this product was once used almost exclusively in the manufacture of women's face creams and other cosmetics. The substance is also used for making candles of standard photometric value, in the dressing of fabrics, in medicines and surgery, and especially in cerates, bougies, ointments and in cosmetic preparations.

Whatever the reason, the market for spermaceti and sperm oil is now very low. The north Pacific has the largest sperm whales in the world, according to Mr. Schupp. From 50 to 60 per cent. of the world's supply of spermaceti comes from the Queen Charlotte Island stations.

Wants To Trade Stamps

Boy Patient In Victoria Hospital Writes To King George

Little Robert Quay, who is a cot patient in the Queen Alexandra Solarium, not far from Victoria, B.C., wants King George to swap stamps with him.

Bobby is starting a collection and he has some extra stamps he wants to exchange. He heard the other day that King George has one of the best collections in the world and decided to put him on his list. So he wrote the following letter: "Dear King George V.: I am sending you these stamps to see if you would like to swap some of yours for them."

"The Solarium is a nice place and it is facing the sea. I have a bad hip. I have been here quite a while. Junior is in the next bed to me. He has a bad back. We are getting better. I hope you are fine."

"I hope you will like the stamps. If you have them already you can trade them for some others."
"With good wishes, yours truly, Robert Quay."

Bobby is quite confident that the King will reply. He thinks it quite natural that he should write to His Majesty.

Gambia, West Africa, has established a finger print department with the local bandmaster in charge as a sideline.

Customer: "So this is your last house?"

Estate Agent: "Yes; last if not leased."

Untouchables Live Lower Than Beasts

Caste Lines Have Been Maintained In India Thousands Of Years

There are four sharply divided Hindu castes and each of these is split into hundreds of sects, equally sharply divided. For thousands of years, through countless generations, these caste lines have been maintained in all their rigidity.

First come the proud Brahmins, or "earthly gods," whose priests have a monopoly in the Hindu temples.

Second are the Kshatriyas, or fighting men.

Third are the Vaisyas, or tillers of the soil. (Gandhi was born into this caste.)

Fourth are the Sudras, or servants.

Beneath all these come India's 60,000,000 "untouchables," lowest of the low. They are doomed, by Hindu law, to the chains of mental and spiritual slavery for life, and so are their children for all time to come.

For no "untouchable" or his children may ever rise above his lowly station. His only hope is in reincarnation, that he may be born into a higher caste when he next appears on earth. This he asks in his prayers.

Crushed and beaten by centuries of oppression and discrimination, many of these 60,000,000 outcasts live lower than the beasts of the field. Some of them live on carrion, or on rats and snakes. When they seek jobs they are permitted to hold only such low positions as scavengers, sewer cleaners, street sweepers.

If a high-caste Brahmin mentions the name of an "untouchable" he must spit after doing so. If the latter's shadow should chance to fall upon him the Brahmin must undergo an elaborate "purification rite" conducted by the priests of the temple, so that he may be cleansed in body and soul.

If it "untouchable" desires to buy from a shop-keeper of higher caste he must not enter the store. From some distance away, he shouts to the shop-keeper what he wants, places his few precious coins on the ground and then retreats. The shop-keeper comes out with the purchase, places it upon the ground, picks up the money.

These are the people for whom Gandhi went on his successful hunger strike. Not only did the wisest little prophet of India's new day seek to gain better recognition for them, but he also sought to smash the injustice practiced upon them by their own people by reason of the caste blight. Two hundred years before Christ, India's great King Asoka tried to do the same thing. That Gandhi is trying to do in 1928, Asoka failed.

But whether it is to be done by London, Delhi, or by Gandhi, the job of curing India's political and racial maladies is a tremendous one. Development and modernization is bound to be a gigantic task in a land that has slumbered through centuries with a philosophy of abasement and humility which is epitomized in the Hindu proverb: "It is better to sit than to walk, to lie than to sit, to sleep than to wake, and death is best of all."

Treatment For Anaemia

Toronto Doctor Has Perfected New and Effective Syrup

Dr. G. H. W. Lucas, associate professor of pharmacy and pharmacology at the University of Toronto, is responsible for the preparation of a new and effective syrup for the treatment of anaemia.

The preparation has been tested with success by doctors not only upon themselves but upon patients.

The new preparation is said to be effective for those forms of anaemia requiring iron, which does not include pernicious anaemia.

The preparation will not be made by the university, it was stated, but the recipe will be available to physicians.

Frequent Lightning Flashes

During Four-Hour Storm In Germany 3,000 Officially Recorded

Within four hours 3,000 flashes of lightning were counted by an official autographic instrument during heavy thunderstorms in West Germany and the Dutch Frontier districts. The instrument was at Nordhorn, Westphalia. In one and one-half hours between 30 and 40 discharges a minute were registered. Observers say that during the four hours the sky was a sea of flames.

Certified Sea-Cooks

Every sea-going craft of 1,000 tons or over has to carry a certified sea-cook, by order of the Board of Trade. These men have to pass three grades before becoming proficient, when they can earn from £12 to £40 a month.

FANCFUL FABLES



© 1928 King Features Syndicate, Inc. All Rights Reserved



FREE Chantecler
cigarette papers
with every package

OGDEN'S
FINE CUT
CIGARETTE TOBACCO
Your pipe knows Ogden's Cut Plug

THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

— BY —
MARGARET FIEDLER
Author of
"The Splendid Polly," "The Herald
Of Far East,"
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

CHAPTER XXXVII.—Continued.

She was lying on her back in the shady wood whither they had ridden out to lunch that day, staring up at the bits of blue sky overhead which showed between the interlacing branches of the trees. The remainder of the party were grouped around her, reclining in various attitudes of a "dolce far niente" nature, while from a little distance away, where the horses were picketed in charge of a groom, came the drowsy, rhythmic sound of the munching of corn, punctuated by an occasional stamp of an impatient hoof.

"Yes, it's been good," agreed Lady Anne. "I shall never settle down again properly as a dweller at the Down House!" And she laughed gleefully.

To her, it had been almost like a return to the days of her youth, for "her four children"—as she called them—had insisted on her sharing in all their active pursuits, and Lady Anne, who in her girlhood and early married life had been a first-class horsewoman and a magnificent swimmer, had consented "con amore."

Blaise pulled himself lazily up into a sitting posture and glanced towards the crimson glow of western sun where it struck athwart the tall trunks of the trees.

"You'll none of you live to go back to England. Instead, you'll be dying of pneumonia and a few other complaints—if we don't get a move on soon," he observed. "It's almost the set, and after that it grows abominably chilly in this eastern prairie of Jean's. Besides, I fancy it's going to blow great gusts before long."

It was true. Already a little chill whisper of wind was shaking the tops of the trees, and before the party was fairly mounted and away, the whisper had changed to a shrill whistling, heralding the big gale which drove along behind the innocent seeming breeze which at first had barely ruffled the topmost branches.

It was a longish ride back to Beirnefeld, and the sun had dipped below the horizon in a sullen splendour of purple and red before the shoulder of the hill, upon the further side of which the castle stood, came into sight. Now and again the moon peered out between the racing, wind-driven clouds, clearly limning the bold black curve of the hill against a background of lowering sky.

For COLDS

"I always use BABY'S OWN TABLETS to break up my baby's cold," writes Mrs. Wilbert Colquhoun, Sturgeon Falls, Ont.
"When I see a cold coming on, it is to BABY'S OWN TABLETS that I turn," writes Mrs. Robert Greenhorn, Phillipsville, Ont.
Mothers everywhere report in like vein of the safe, sure results that follow the use of BABY'S OWN TABLETS in treating children's colds, teething troubles, simple fevers, disordered stomach, colic, constipation, 25 cents.

Dr. Williams' 246
BABY'S OWN TABLETS

W. N. U. 1968

It's
Easy to
Roll Your
Own
with

OGDEN'S
FINE CUT
CIGARETTE TOBACCO
Your pipe knows Ogden's Cut Plug

Jean and Blaise were riding abreast, a little in advance of the rest, engrossed by the difficulty of carrying on an animated conversation in a high wind. As they swung round the bend in the road which brought the hill's great shoulder into view, Jean threw back her head and stared at the sky above it with a puzzled frown on her face.

"Why . . . how queer!" she exclaimed. "The sun set nearly half an hour ago and yet there's still quite a brilliant red glow in the sky. Look, Blaise—just above where Beirnefeld stands."

Blaise glanced up casually in the direction indicated, then suddenly reined in his horse and half-rode in the stirrups, staring at the red glow deepening in the sky ahead.

"That's no sunset!" he exclaimed sharply. "It's—Great heavens, Jean! Beirnefeld is on fire!"

Even as he spoke a tongue of flame, mocking the dull glow with its gleaming blaze, shot up like a thin red knife into the sky and sank again.

A shout came from behind. The others had seen it, also, and recognized its deadly import. The next moment the clatter of galloping hoofs echoed along the road as the whole party urged their horses on towards home as fast as they could cover the ground.

Soon they struck off from the road, making a wide path with its gleaming through the woods clothing the base of the hill, and as they emerged on to the broad plateau where Beirnefeld had stood sentinel through wind and weather for so many years, the whole extent of the catastrophe was revealed.

By this time the angry glow in the sky had turned dusk into day, while from the doors and windows of the castle fire vomited forth as from a furnace—upward in long, sinuous tongues of flame, licking the blackened walls, downward in spangled showers of sparks that drifted towards the earth like flights of golden butterflies.

Little groups of men and women, helpless as ants to stay the fire, rushed futilely hither and thither with hosepipe and engine, while on the smooth sward which fronted the castle lay piled enormous quantities of household stuff, a medley of fine old furniture, torn tapestry, wrenched from its place against the walls, pictures, mirrors—anything and everything that could be dragged out into the open by eager hands and willing arms.

The major-domo, an elderly, grey-haired man who had been born and reared upon the estate and who had taken service with Glyn Peterson on the day when he had first brought Jacqueline, a bride, to Beirnefeld, caught sight of the riding-party returning and came hurrying to Jean's side.

The tears were running down his wrinkled face as he recounted the discovery of the fire, which must have started either just before or during the servants' dinner-hour, when few people, of course, were about the castle, and which had obtained a firm hold before it was detected.

The household staff, practised to a limited extent—a fire drill had been held once a month in Peterson's time—had done their best to cope with the flames, but vainly. The high wind which had arisen had thwarted their utmost efforts, and finally giving up all hope of saving the interior from being gutted, they had confined them-

selves to rescuing such valuables as could be easily removed.

There was the usual mystery as to how the fire had originated, and several circulated amongst the chattering throng which hurried hither and thither, momentarily augmented by the peasants who, at sight of the castle in flames, had come trooping up the hill from the village below.

The most likely story, and the one to which Blaise inclined to give most credence, was that the child of a woman who worked daily at the castle, escaping from its mother's care and launched on an independent voyage of discovery through the rooms, had knocked over a burning lamp. Then, terrified at the immediate consequences—the sudden flaring of some ancient tapestry, dry as tinder with the summer heat, near which the lamp had fallen—he had bolted away, out of the castle and so home, too scared to tell anyone of the accident.

But, as Jean commented mournfully, what did it matter how it happened? Except from the prosaic viewpoint of the fire insurance company, who would probably desire to know all kinds of details that it was impossible to supply!

For her, nothing mattered except that Beirnefeld, her home from childhood and the place where she and Blaise had proposed to spend a great part of their married life, was a furnace of flames.

It was a splendid but very terrible sight. The great grim walls of the castle stood four-square against the sky, charred and blackened but defiantly impervious to the flames that were licking covetously against the solid stone which fashioned them. Sentinel to the very end, they reared themselves unvanquished, guardians still, though all that they had sheltered through their centuries of watch and ward lay consumed within their very heart.

Jean, standing beside Blaise and watching the upward-tossing flames and the crimson banner of the lowering heavens, spoke suddenly:

"And the sky as red as blood above it! Blaise, the last of Keturah Stanley's prophecies has come true!"

An hour later help was forthcoming from the distant town to which a messenger had been dispatched post-haste as soon as it was realized that the household staff, even with the assistance of the village, was hopelessly inadequate to cope with a fire of such magnitude. But it was already too late to accomplish very much in the way of salvage. All that remained possible was to quench that inferno of fire as soon as might be so, and, perhaps, save some of the outbuildings.

Hour after hour through the night, human endeavour fought with the flames—subduing them again and again only to find them kindling into fresh life at the gusty bidding of the wind, leaping redly from the lambent heart of the conflagration, which glowed and pulsed and heaved like some living monster intent upon destruction.

It was not until dawn was breaking, that, with the dying down of the wind, the flickering crimson light an hour later, when the fire had faded finally from the sky; and a half at last extinguished, the village folk gathered about the scene of the catastrophe, had dispersed to their homes.

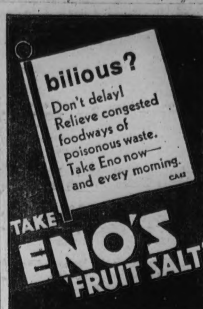
Lady Anne, accompanied by Nick

Quick
RELIEF
from pain

A lot of things can cause a headache but there is one thing that will always give you relief! Just take a tablet or two of Aspirin. You're suffering from . . . Relief comes instantly, regardless of what may have been making your head throb with pain.

Aspirin is harmless—cannot depress the heart. So there's no use waiting for a headache to "wear off." It is useless to endure pain of any kind when you can get Aspirin. It is a blessing to women who suffer regular systemic pain; to men who must work on, in spite of eye-strain, fatigue or neuralgia.

Learn its quick relief for colds; for neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago. Be sure to get Aspirin—and not a substitute. All druggists sell Aspirin tablets. "Aspirin" is a trade-mark registered in Canada.



and Claire, started for the inn of the Green Dragon, whither the landlady had hurried on ahead to prepare temporary quarters for the now homeless little company from the castle. But Jean and Blaise still lingered by the deserted ruins loth to say farewell to the place that had meant so much to them.

Beneath the misty azure of the summer morning sky, fanned by little vagrant zephyrs—rearguard of the hurricane which had passed—stood all that remained of Beirnefeld—blackened, naked walls, stark against that tender blue, brooding above the mass of cooling wreckage.

Jean's mouth quivered a little as her glance took in the scene of utter desolation.

"My House of Dreams," she whispered brokenly.

She was silent a few moments, her eyes embracing all that had once been Beirnefeld in a gaze which held both farewell and retrospect. And something more—some vision of the future. In the dawn-light peering the sky above she recognized the eternal promise of Him Who "commanded the light to shine out of darkness."

Her House of Dreams! The inner meaning of the song had grown suddenly clear to her.

When she turned again to Blaise, her expression was serene and tranquil. Touched with regret perhaps, but bravely confident.

"I don't think it matters, Blaise," she said simply. "Beirnefeld was only a symbol, after all. My House of Dreams-Come-True isn't built of stones and mortar. No one's. It's just—where love is."

THE END

Little Helps For This Week

"Where hast thou gleaned today?"—Ruth 2: 19.

What have I learned where I've been.
From all I've heard, from all I've seen?
What know I more that's worth the knowing,
What have I done that's worth the doing?
What have I sought that I should shun,
What duties have I left undone? —Pythagoras.

All of this world will soon have passed away. But God will remain, and thou, whatever thou has become, good or bad. Thy deeds now are the seed-corn of eternity. Each single act in each single day, good or bad, is a portion of that seed. Each day adds some line making thee more or less like Him, more or less capable of His love. —E. B. Pusey.

There is something very solemn in the thought that that part of our work which we have left undone may first be revealed to us at the end of a life filled up, as we had fondly hoped, with useful and necessary employments.—Passages From Home Life.

Answer Is "We Can"

County in Oregon Helping To Solve Relief Problem

Through the use of a portable cannery in Josephine County, Oregon, 100,000 containers of fruit and vegetables were filled either for immediate relief distribution or storage against future need. Now the cannery is again making the rounds, this time to put up meats of various kinds for the same purpose. So, to the question as to whether Josephine County can care for its unfortunate during the winter, the answer seems to be, "We can."

Why suffer needlessly! Douglas' Egyptian Liniment brings quick, sure relief to aching feet, stiff joints and aches. Relieves inflammation. Removes poison flesh.

For more than 100 years members of the family of Mrs. S. Halliwell, of Great Yarmouth, England, have been beach photographers.

The ancient Romans regarded silk as a sort of wool that grew on trees.

The Island Of Bali

Motion Picture Operators Made Costume Pictures Of Natives
Buleleng, Bali.—The people here in general are considerably excited over the place being made for the island of Bali in the motion picture world. The arrival of another independent film group from New York has stirred up a lot of interest. One thing is sure, it is going to cost more from now on to make native costume pictures of the lovely girls who are making this island famous all over the world.

At last the women of Bali are becoming conscious of the fact that their beauty is of great value when reflected upon the silver screen. It might be of interest to state that the beauty of the Balinese women and girls has long been appreciated throughout Malaysia. They are, in fact, "glorious, upstanding creatures with great masses of blue-black hair, a faint colour de rose diffusing itself through their skins of brown satin. They bear themselves with a quiet dignity and lissome grace."

A striking bit of decoration is added by the flame-coloured flowers they wear in their dusky hair. Their eyes, instead of being oblique, as might be expected, are set straight in the head. It is admitted here that the chief charm in these island belles is found, not in their faces, but in their figures, which are slender and willowy.

Polygamy, grown expensive, is decreasing here. Also many wives mean many troubles. Twenty-five wives formerly constituted a large harem, although some of the high rulers possessed several hundred.

Despite stories to the contrary, suttee—the burning of widows—has been discontinued in Bali. Formerly a young girl who married an elderly man incurred this risk of meeting an untimely and extremely unpleasant end. Nevertheless, some women who loved their husbands is still likely to join his dead body on the funeral pyre.

As few ships from Europe or America stop here the islanders are looking forward to the visit of the Cunard liner "Carinthia," which will stop here next March, on her voyage around the world via the Southern Hemisphere. The people here are hoping a number of camera men will disembark.

Because of the failure of ships to call the people are free from the diseases brought by white men to many of the South Sea Islanders. The population of Bali is generally healthy and constantly increasing. There are nearly a million natives in Bali and now the great majority of them are growing picture-minded.

Lake Winnipeg with an area of 9,380 square miles is the largest body of fresh water in Manitoba.

Ayr, Scotland, has banned aeroplane flying on Sunday.

Ecuador was so named because the country is crossed by the equator.

Be Fair to Baby

Give him the kind of body builder he requires

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Norwegian Cod Liver Oil

Rich in the Rickets Preventing Vitamin D

HEART of the NORTH

By William Byron Mowery



An airplane in the Northwest Mounted. The whirling of wings over the muskeg, the drone of a motor over the age-old forest heighten the excitement of this one-man fight against a gang of bandits who hold up a Mackenzie River steamer for its load of gold and furs. One of the most real and thrilling stories ever written.

READ IT AS A SERIAL IN THIS PAPER

Canadian Members Chosen

A committee of five has been named by the executive of the Canadian Chamber of Commerce to act as the Canadian members of a joint committee being established by the United States and Canadian Chamber of Commerce for the discussion of problems affecting the business relationships of the two countries.



More battery for your money. More hours of service. That's why Eveready LAYERBILT is the biggest factor in radio "B" power economy on the market today.

Get the smooth, even, lasting flow of power that only an Eveready LAYERBILT can give. Buy the battery that is cammed to the top and sides with active, current-producing material. Remember that a LAYERBILT has no round cells and waste space like all other "B" batteries. Thick, flat layers of current-producing material press down one on another in a LAYERBILT—every inch works for you, every ounce counts in service, saving and satisfaction.

Eveready Layerbilt Radio Batteries are now selling at lowest prices—buy them from your dealer today.

CANADIAN NATIONAL CARBON COMPANY LIMITED

Toronto Montreal Winnipeg

Owning and operating Radio Station CFCB, Toronto

RADIO BATTERIES

ACTION'S STOMACH TABLETS

Wonderful relief for sour stomach, gas, acidity, and excellent in the treatment of ulcers.

SOLD ON MONEY BACK GUARANTEE

7 day trial treatment only \$1.00

30 day full treatment now \$3.50

ASK YOUR LOCAL DRUGGIST

ACTION LABORATORIES (WESTERN)

207-A Seventh Ave. East

CALGARY

A PRIVATE FORMULA THAT HAS WON THOUSANDS OF GRATEFUL FRIENDS IN WESTERN CANADA. IN ALL CASES, THESE TABLETS HAVE PROVED HIGHLY EFFICIENT.

Quality Merchandise

Women's Hose

With Service, Economy, Appearance



Women's silk and wool hose that contains good appearance and service at a moderate price. Rayon faced on wool or lisle yarns. Toe and heel reinforced with cotton. Good shades.

Per Pair, 39c

Women's Rayon Faced Hose

A good appearing hose, made with Rayon facing yarns, on nice soft Botany wool backing yarns. Give the appearance of silk but have the warmth of wool. A good range of shades. Sizes 9 - 10.

Per Pair, 45c

Women's Cashmere Hose

Made from fine Botany yarns, combined with a small amount of lisle. This hose is warm, nice looking and will wear a low priced all wool hose. All the good shades.

Specialy Priced, 59c

Children's Cashmere Hose

"SHIELD BRAND" HOSE—Made from soft Botany wool yarns with a small proportion of lisle for added strength. Sizes 5, 5 1-2, 6, in Camel shades.

Per Pair, 35c

GROCERY SPECIALS

BULK TEA—A good bulk Indo Ceylon Tea. Special, 2 lbs. for	69c
MINCE MEAT—"Supreme" Mince Meat in jam tins. Special	49c
JAM—"Argood" Gooseberry Jam. Special	49c
TOILET SOAP—4 large bars hard-water Castile. Special	23c
COCOA—Rowntree's Famous Cocoa 1 lb. tins. Special	44c
CHOCOLATE BARS—Assorted bars, 5 bars for	10c

Saturday & Monday Extra Special

2 lb. Best Quality DAIRY BUTTER . 31c
1 lb. Tin of MALKIN'S BEST COFFEE . 45c

J. C. McFarland Co.

Main Street

Remember the boxing program on December 1st in the Irma Creamery sponsored by the Tuxedo boys. A real live time is assured you.

Mr. Andrew Smart and his mother are enjoying a holiday in Saskatchewan.

Mrs. Wm. Cole arrived home from Edmonton last Tuesday where she was visiting for a few days.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Haaken Larson, on November 16, a daughter, Robert. Magnus is home from school, taking care of a very sore eye and face, the result of a tussle with a calf.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Howard Jones, Almer Mater district, on November 11, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Lovine and family of Jarow, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Johnson, helping celebrate Garth's fourth birthday.

Mrs. C. Greenberg is home after two weeks visiting in Edmonton.

Mr. Fitzpatrick and son, William, returned home Sunday night from a business trip to the city.

Mrs. Fletcher and son, Jackie, are holidaying in Edmonton this week.

We are sorry to report both Mrs. Sonoff and Mrs. Tripp are in bed with very severe colds.

Mr. and Mrs. Penfield and little son arrived in Irma last Friday evening from Cardston, their household goods arriving the following Wednesday. Mr. Penfield is the new manager of the Irma Branch of the Bank of Montreal, taking the place of Mr. Esau, who has been relieving here since Mr. Jones was moved to Alliance.

HAIRDRESSING
Marcel, Shadow Waves, Finger Waves, Shampooing, Hot Oil Treatments, and Ladies' Hair Cuts.

Operator:
MISS M. FITZPATRICK
Phone 39, at Mr. E. W. Carter's Res.

NOTES OF INTEREST OF BUSY KINSELLA

Kinsella, Nov. 25.

The Ladies' Aid will hold a "sale and tea" in the United Church, up Saturday afternoon, December 3.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. S. N. N. was taken to the Viking hospital last week suffering from pneumonia. We are glad to report he is much better and will be able to be home in a day or so.

Mr. William McMurray passed away in the Viking hospital on Monday, November 21.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Land of Viking are visiting their daughter, Mrs. P. J. Wagners.

The road gangs have finished up their work for the fall, and have shipped part of their outfit and stored the balance until spring and the highway is now open from Kinsella to Phillips.

Miss Agnes Thompson is confined to the house through illness.

B. Wichter, foreman of one of the C.N.R. gangs, spent the week end at home here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hawkesworth, of Vermilion, spent a few days last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Neale.

Junior Red Cross Hold Very Successful Program

Lake Vernon school was the scene of an exceptionally entertaining concert and appetizing supper on November 19, when the Junior Red Cross members worked in the interests of the Junior Red Cross Hospital of Calgary, and aided that institution by turning over the proceeds of the evening of \$9.50.

A program by the Lake Vernon Juniors was very well executed. Some stirring readings and recitations of a war-time and military character were fully appreciated by the audience.

The pupils of Lake Vernon school are to be highly commended in their efforts, and special mention is in order to Ole Overbo, Mr. Candy and Elmer McNary for their splendid assistance to the Juniors.

The supper, and the help advanced by the mothers of the youngsters, deserves well merited praise.

DO YOU REMEMBER WHEN—

—Fire destroyed the W. Harpen premises?

—Mr. and Mrs. E. Wirth returned from their honeymoon?

—T. Bereth awoke one morning to find his house in flames; he and his wife only having time to save a small amount of clothing and furniture?

—The feed shortage was very serious—feed selling for an average price of \$25 per ton. The government's selling price was set at \$21.00 per ton.

—Five washouts between Irma and Irma water tank demoralized train service?

—W. L. Milden of Irma, and Mr. Jamieson of Jarow, lost three horses when struck by a train one mile west of town?

—J. W. Wyatt was town auditor?

—J. B. E. Malhot installed Irma's first electric light plant?

—Dr. S. R. McGregor arrived from Unity, Sask., to take up practice in Irma?

REPORT OF YOUNG PEOPLES' MEETING HELD ON SUNDAY

A very good attendance was shown Sunday evening when Mr. Magrath was in charge.

We sang very inspirational hymns besides other interesting items.

Rev. Mr. Geeson and Mr. Gamble represented two nations, Japan and China. Each one was trying to persuade his opponent that the nation he was representing was the better of the two.

Come and join our young peoples' meetings and get the benefit of these associations.

Irma Times

Published Every Friday by the Times Publishers, Irma, Alberta.
E. W. CARTER, Local Editor

ADVERTISING RATES
Wait Ads, per insertion..... 25c
Stray or Strayed, 3 issues for..... \$1.00
Card of Thanks..... 50c
In Memoriam..... 50c
Local advertising, per line..... 5c
Display line across front page..... \$2.00
Display advertising rates on request.

FOR SALE

New closed in cutter, factory-made, with pole, eveners and neck yoke. Price, \$55.00. ROBERT KASTEN, Phone 410. 2tp.

FOR SALE—Choice buff oxington Cockerels. Prices on request. F. W. Knudson, Phone 419, Irma. 2tp

WOOL FOR SALE—Apply to J. F. Murray, Kinsella.

HAIRDRESSING

Marcel, Shadow Waves, Finger Waves, Shampooing, Hot Oil Treatments, and Ladies' Hair Cuts.

Operator:
MISS M. FITZPATRICK
Phone 39, at Mr. E. W. Carter's Res.

Irma Pool Room

And

Barber Shop

SOFT DRINKS, TOBACCO CIGARS, Etc.
Agent for
SNOWFLAKE LAUNDRY
Laundry sent on Tuesday train is returned Saturday.

J. A. Hedley

IRMA, ALBERTA

BIG SLASH ON MEALS

KINSELLA HOTEL

FULL COURSE MEALS, up from 30 cents

LUNCH AT 15 cents

Soft Drinks Tobacco Confectionery MEALS AT ALL HOURS
Lea L. Pon Prop.

Rates \$1.00 up. Phone 6101

ROYAL GEORGE HOTEL

101st Street
(Near Union Depot)
EDMONTON

Five Stories of SOLID COMFORT

The Home of Service and Comfort

First Class Cafe

Free Bus to and from all trains

R. E. NOBLE, Manager

NOTICE

Any person found cutting the fence and trespassing on the north half of section 9-46-9-4, will be prosecuted. 5tp Bryce Innis, Irma.

Professional Cards

C. GREENBERG, M.D.
Physician and Surgeon
Phone 40

Irma, Alberta

F. C. DICKINS, B. A. L. L. B.
Barrister, etc.
Notary Public. Insurance.
Snyder Block — Wainwright, Alta.

CLIFTON G. PURVIS
Barrister, Solicitor & Notary Public
Viking Phones: Office 7, Res. 30.
Irma Phone: No. 37.
Visits W. Masson's Office, Irma, Every Friday.

DR. B. W. RICHARDSON
Dentist of Viking
Office above Drug Store
Gas Anaesthesia and Vitaltesting
Office Hours: 9-12 A.M., 1-6 P.M., and by appointment.

Will be at —
Viking every Monday, Tuesday and Saturday.
Holden the first and third Wednesday of each month.
Tofield every Thursday and Friday, and the second and fourth Wednesday of each month.
For professional services, Viking, Alberta

J. W. STUART

Licensed Auctioneer
For Sale Dates in Irma District see W. Masson, Irma Wainwright, Alberta

WILLIAM MASSON

Notary Public

Loans, Real Estate, Insurance
Irma, Alberta

EARL L. CORK & CO

Jewelers and Opticians
Issuer of Marriage Licenses
C.N.R. Official Watch Inspector
Wainwright, Alberta

EDMONTON RUBBER STAMP

Co., Ltd.
Makers of RUBBER STAMPS & SEALS
10037-101A, Ave. Edmonton

IRMA LODGE No. 56



Hold their Regular Meeting Every First and Third Tuesday of Each Month at 8 p.m.
Worshipful Master J. Jackson
Record, Secretary, Chas. Wilbraham
Visiting Orangemen always Welcome

IRMA L. O. L. No. 2066
Meets the last Thursday in Each Month at 8 p.m.
Worshipful Master J. Jackson
Record, Secretary, Chas. Wilbraham
Visiting Orangemen always Welcome

C. O. VINGERUD

Expert Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing.
— ALL WORK GUARANTEED —
Prices Moderate
Main St., Irma

UP-TO-DATE SHOE & HARNES REPAIRING

Compare our prices on Harness with Mail Order Houses.
J. J. WIESE, Proprietor
In Tory Block, Wainwright, Alta.

A want ad. in this paper does big work at small cost. Now is the time to sell, trade, or exchange for something else.

The Latest Achievements by MARCONI!

Marconi Model 31SW

10 Tubes, Long and Short Wave



Tubes—4-227A, 2-224A, 2-235, 1-247, 1-280

\$124.50

This new Marconi Model 31SW short and long wave receiver featuring automatic volume control, brings the world to your living-room. Hear far-off stations never before brought to your home. Enjoy daylight reception of distant stations. Bring in your program with Full Time Reliability. The new 31SW is now on display.

10 Marconi RVC Radiotrons, including the famous Super Control and Pentode. Super-Heterodyne Circuit. Height 41 1-4 inches, width 22 1-4 inches, depth 12 3-8 inches. Beautiful tone and appearance.

These sets can be purchased from the undermentioned dealers—

A. Dupre - Wainwright
A. C. Carbol - Irma
Viking Drug Store - Viking

Representatives for Alberta

—TAYLOR & PEARSON, EDMONTON, ALBERTA

Marconi Model 31

8 Tubes Long Wave



Tubes—3-227A, 1-224A, 2-235, 1-247, 1-280.

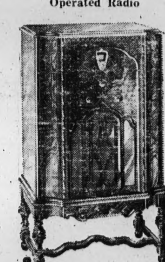
\$89.50

One of Marconi's greatest achievements, the most sensitive long wave radio receiver ever developed. Eliminates distortion, fading, cross-talk. Brings in your favorite programs with new clarity and beauty. Discover new radio pleasure by seeing and hearing this Marconi masterpiece now on display.

8 Marconi VC Radiotrons, including the famous Super Control and Pentode. Super-Heterodyne. Height, 36 3-4 inches, width 20 inches, depth 11 inches. Large speaker, beautiful tone. A wonderful radio buy.

Model 32 Special

The Season's outstanding Battery Operated Radio



(with 8 tubes)

\$109.50

Enjoy the sensitivity, selectivity and tonal qualities heretofore associated only with batteryless receivers... with the added enjoyment of Marconi FULL-TIME RELIABILITY. The new Model 32 Special, with Super-Heterodyne Circuit is Marconi's great triumph in the battery-operated field, now awaiting your inspection. So, supremely economical in operation and housed in a hand-rubbed walnut cabinet of distinctive design. Uses 2-volt storage battery or air-cell. Price \$129.10 with large capacity batteries.

Marconi Model 33

8 Tube All Wave Battery Operated Radio

\$139.50

with tubes, less batteries.

Batteries (approximate) \$21.80.

This is a new all wave development in radio receivers designed for users not on power lines. Short wave stations may be brought in during daylight hours. Extreme economy in battery consumption and user either 2-volt storage or air cell, tone control. Uses 5 RVC-230 and 3 RVC-234. Requires four 45-volt "B" batteries. Does not require a "C" battery.